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SECTION VIII – STUDENTS

ARTICLE I GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

POLICY 8-1.1 SCHOOL BOARD AUTHORITY TO REGULATE STUDENTS

Virginia and federal law give the School Board of the City of Richmond the power to make reasonable rules for the (1) governance of the schools, (2) management of the School Board's business, and (3) supervision of the schools, including but not limited to the proper discipline of pupils, including their conduct while they are on school property, attending or participating in school activities, and taking the most direct route going to and returning from school. For the purposes of this policy "going to and returning from school" includes the period of time students are traveling to and from the bus stop to their residences and/or while on the school bus.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-1.2 EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

Policy Statement

The School Board of the City of Richmond's educational programs and services shall be designed to meet the varying needs of all students and shall not discriminate against any individual for reasons of race, religion, color, gender, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, or on any other basis prohibited by law. The School Board also supports equal educational opportunities and treatment of all students regardless of gender expression. Further, no student, on the basis of gender, shall be denied equal access to programs, activities, services or benefits or be limited in the exercise of any right, privilege, advantage or denied equal access to educational and extracurricular programs and activities. The School Board encourages school division employees, patrons and students to promptly report all incidents of alleged discriminatory conduct.

In furtherance of this policy, the School Board shall: (i) provide facilities, programs and activities that are accessible, usable and available to qualified persons with disabilities; (ii) provide a free, appropriate education, including non-academic and extracurricular services to qualified persons with disabilities; (iii) not exclude qualified persons with disabilities, solely on the basis of their disabilities, from any preschool, daycare, adult education or vocational programs; and (iv) not discriminate against qualified persons with disabilities in the provision of health, welfare or social services.

Complaints

Any student who believes he or she has been the victim of prohibited discrimination or who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute prohibited discrimination should report the alleged discrimination as soon as possible in accordance with the complaint procedure as detailed in Policy 8-1.3 below. Any employee who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute prohibited discrimination against a student shall immediately report such conduct to one of the compliance officers designated in Policy 8-1.3 below.

Application

This policy does not render lawful any conduct prohibited by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 20 U.S.C. §§1681-1688; 29 U.S.C. § 794; 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d-2000d-7; 34 C.F.R. part 106.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 2, 2014 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-1.3 HARASSMENT - STUDENTS

Policy Statement

The School Board of the City of Richmond is committed to maintaining a learning environment free from harassment of any kind. Therefore, the School Board prohibits sexual harassment and harassment based on race, religion, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression (collectively "harassment") of any student at school or any school sponsored activity.

It shall be a violation of this policy for any student to harass a student or school personnel sexually or based on the above-stated characteristics. Further, it shall be a violation of this policy for any school personnel to tolerate harassment of any kind by students.

For the purpose of this policy, school personnel includes school board members, school employees, agents, volunteers, contractors or other persons subject to the supervision and control of the School Board and Richmond Public Schools.

The school division shall: (1) promptly investigate all complaints, written or verbal, of harassment; (2) promptly take appropriate action to stop any harassment and (3) take appropriate action against any student or school personnel who violates this policy and take any other action reasonably calculated to end and prevent further harassment of students.

Definitions

a. <u>Sexual Harassment</u>

Sexual harassment consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical conduct or other verbal or physical conduct or communication of a sexual nature when:

- i. submission to that conduct or communication is made a term or condition, either explicitly or implicitly, of obtaining an education;
- ii. submission to or rejection of the conduct or communication by an individual is used as a factor in decisions affecting that individual's education; or
- iii. that conduct or communication substantially or unreasonably interferes with an individual's education, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational environment (i.e. the conduct is sufficiently serious to limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational program).

Examples of conduct, which may constitute sexual harassment, include but are not limited to:

- i. unwelcome, sexually motivated or inappropriate patting, pinching or other physical contact;
- ii. unwelcome, ongoing or repeated sexual flirtation, remarks or propositions;
- iii. sexual slurs, leering, epithets, threats, verbal abuse, derogatory comments or sexually degrading descriptions;
- iv. graphic verbal or written comments about an individual's body, or overly personal conversation of a sexual nature;
- v. sexual jokes, notes, stories, drawings, gestures or pictures;
- vi. spreading sexual rumors;
- vii. touching an individual's body or clothes in a sexual way;
- viii. displaying sexually suggestive objects, pictures, cartoons or posters;
- ix. impeding or blocking movement in a sexually intimidating manner;
- x. coercing, forcing or attempting to coerce or force sexual intercourse or a sexual act or another;
- xi. touching oneself sexually or talking about one's sexual activity in front of others;
- xii. other unwelcome sexual behavior or words, including demands for sexual favors, when accompanied by either: (1) implied or overt threats concerning an individual's educational status; or (2) implied or overt promises of preferential treatment with respect to one's educational status;
- xiii. unwelcome behavior or words directed at an individual because of gender; or
- xiv. unwelcome verbal harassment or abuse, threats of physical harm, or assaults directed at an individual because of their sexual orientation.

b. <u>Harassment Based on Race, Religion, National Origin, Disability, Sexual</u> <u>Orientation and Gender Identity or Expression</u>

Harassment based on race, religion, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression consists of physical or verbal conduct that:

- i. has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational environment;
- ii. has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably interfering with an individual's educational performance; or
- iii. otherwise is sufficiently serious to limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational program and activities offered by the school division.

Examples of conduct, which may constitute harassment based on the stated characteristics, include but are not limited to:

- i. graffiti containing offensive language;
- ii. name calling, jokes or rumors;
- iii. physical acts of aggression against a person or his/her property;
- iv. slurs, negative stereotypes and hostile acts; or
- v. written or graphic material containing ethnic comments or stereotypes which is posted or circulated and is intended to degrade individuals.

Complaint Procedure

a. <u>Reporting</u>

Any student who believes he or she has been the victim of harassment by a student, teacher, administrator or other school personnel, or by any other person who is participating in, observing, or otherwise engaged in activities, including sporting events and other extracurricular activities, under the auspices of Richmond Public Schools, is strongly encouraged to immediately report the alleged acts to an appropriate school division official designated by this policy. The alleged discrimination should be reported as soon as possible, and the report generally should be made within fifteen (15) school days of the occurrence.

Any teacher, administrator, or other school official who has or receives notice that a student has or may have been the victim of harassment by a student, teacher, administrator or other school personnel, or by any other person who is participating in, observing or otherwise engaged in activities, under the auspices of Richmond Public Schools, is required to immediately report the alleged acts to an appropriate school division official designated by this policy.

Any other person with knowledge or belief that a student has or may have been the victim of harassment by a student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel, or by

any other person who is participating in, observing or otherwise engaged in activities, under the auspices of Richmond Public Schools, is encouraged to immediately report the alleged acts to an appropriate school division official designated by this policy.

The school division encourages the reporting party or complainant to use the included Student Discrimination/Harassment Complaint Form (Appendix I) available from the principal of each building or available from Richmond Public Schools' administrative offices. Use of formal reporting forms is not mandated. Verbal reports of harassment shall be treated as formal complaints. Nothing in this policy shall prevent any person from reporting harassment directly to the division superintendent or his or her designee.

In each school building, the principal is the person responsible for receiving verbal or written reports of harassment at the building level. Any adult school division personnel who receives a report of harassment shall inform the building principal immediately. Upon receipt of a report, the principal must notify the compliance officer immediately, without screening or investigating the report. The principal may request, but may not insist upon a written complaint. A written statement of the facts alleged must be forwarded as soon as practicable by the principal to the division superintendent or his or her designee. If the report was given verbally, the principal shall personally reduce the complaint to written form within 24 hours and forward the complaint to the compliance officer. Failure to forward any harassment report or complaint as provided in this policy will result in disciplinary action against the principal.

If the complaint involves the building principal, the complaint shall be made or filed directly with the compliance officer by the reporting party or the complainant. If any complaint involves the compliance officer or alternate compliance officer, the complaint shall be made or filed directly with the division superintendent. If the complaint involves the division superintendent, the complaint shall be made or filed directly with the School Board. If the compliant involves a School Board member, the complaint shall be made or filed with the School Board Chair or Vice-Chair should the complaint involve the School Board Chair.

The division superintendent has designated the Chief of Staff as the compliance officer for the school division with responsibility to identify, prevent, and remedy harassment in accordance with this policy. In the absence of the Chief of Staff, the division superintendent has designated the Associate Superintendent of Academic Services as the alternate compliance officer to be responsible for the duties listed herein.

The compliance officer or alternate shall:

- i. Receive reports or complaints of harassment;
- ii. Oversee the investigative process;
- iii. Be responsible for assessing the training needs of the school division's staff and students in connection with the dissemination, comprehension, and compliance with this policy;
- iv. Arrange for necessary training required for compliance with this policy; and
- v. Ensure that any investigation is conducted by an impartial investigator who has been trained in the requirements of equal

education opportunity, including harassment, and who is able to apply procedural and substantive standards which are necessary and applicable to identify unlawful harassment, recommend appropriate discipline and remedies when prohibited harassment is found, and take other appropriate action to rectify the damaging effects of any prohibited discrimination, including interim protection of the victim during the course of the investigation.

The complaint and the identity of the complainant and the person or persons allegedly responsible for the harassment will be disclosed only to the extent necessary to fully investigate the complaint and only when such disclosure is required or permitted by law. A complainant who wishes to remain anonymous will be advised that anonymity may limit the school division's ability to fully respond to the complaint

b. <u>Investigation</u>

Upon receipt of a report or complaint alleging harassment, the compliance officer or alternate shall immediately undertake or authorize an investigation. The investigation may be conducted by Richmond Public Schools' officials or, at Richmond Public Schools' discretion, by a third party designated by Richmond Public Schools.

Upon receipt of the complaint, the compliance office shall determine whether interim measures should be taken pending the outcome of the investigation. Such interim measures may include, but are not limited to, separating the alleged harasser and the complainant and, in cases involving potential criminal conduct, determining whether law enforcement officials should be notified.

The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the complainant, the individual(s) against whom the complaint is filed, and others who have knowledge of the alleged incident(s) or circumstances giving rise to the complaint. The investigation may also consist of the evaluation of any other information or documents that may be relevant to the particular allegations.

In determining whether the alleged conduct constitutes a violation of this policy, Richmond Public Schools shall consider:

- i. The nature of the behavior;
- ii. How often the conduct occurred;
- iii. Whether there were past incidents or past continuing patterns of behavior;
- iv. The relationship between the parties involved;
- v. The sex and age of the victim;
- vi. The identity of the perpetrator, including whether the perpetrator was in a position of power over the student allegedly subjected to harassment;
- vii. The number of alleged harassers;
- viii. The age of the harasser;
- ix. Where the harassment occurred;

- x. Whether there have been other incidents in the school involving the same or other students;
- xi. Whether the conduct has adversely, or continues to adversely affect the student's education or educational environment; and
- xii. The context in which the alleged incidents occurred.

Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a determination based on all the facts and surrounding circumstances.

The investigation shall be completed no later than thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of the report. The investigator shall make a written report to the compliance officer or alternate upon completion of the investigation. The report shall include a determination of whether the allegations have been substantiated as factual and whether there appears to be violation of this policy. The investigator's duty to conduct this investigation shall not be extinguished by the fact that a criminal investigation involving the same or similar allegations is also pending or has been concluded.

c. <u>Division Superintendent Action</u>

Within five (5) calendar days of receiving the compliance officer's report, the division superintendent or designee shall issue a decision regarding whether the policy was violated. The results of Richmond Public Schools' investigation of each complaint filed under these procedures will be reported in writing to the complainant and other parties by Richmond Public Schools in accordance with state and federal laws regarding data and records privacy, and consistent with the privacy rights of the complainant and the alleged harasser.

If the division superintendent determines that prohibited harassment occurred, Richmond Public Schools will take prompt, appropriate formal or informal action to address, and where appropriate, remediate the violation. Appropriate actions may include, but are not limited to, counseling, awareness training, parent-teacher conferences, warning, suspension, exclusion, expulsion, transfer, or remediation. Any action taken for violation of this policy shall be consistent with the requirements of state and federal law, School Board *Bylaws and Policies* and the *Standards of Student Conduct*.

In determining what is an appropriate response to a finding that harassment in violation of this policy has occurred, Richmond Public Schools shall consider:

- i. What response is most likely to end any ongoing harassment;
- ii. Whether a particular response is likely to deter similar future conduct by the harasser or others;
- iii. The amount and kind of harm suffered by the victim of the harassment;
- iv. The identity of the party or parties who engaged in the harassing conduct; and
- v. Whether the harassment was engaged in by school personnel, and if so, the school division will also consider how it can best remediate the effects of the harassment.

In the event that evidence suggests that the harassment is also a crime under state or federal law, school officials shall report the results of the investigation to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

d. <u>Appeal</u>

If the results of Richmond Public Schools' evaluation of a complaint or harassment conclude that an individual has engaged in harassment in violation of this policy, or that any individual has failed to report harassment as required by this policy, that individual may appeal this determination by use of established School Board procedures for appealing other adverse education related actions. If the results of Richmond Public Schools' investigation of a complaint of harassment conclude that no harassment has occurred, an individual who was allegedly subjected to harassment and believes this conclusion to be erroneous may appeal this determination by use of established School Board procedures for appealing other adverse education related actions.

Copies of all complaints of harassment and the investigations conducted pursuant to them shall be maintained for a period of two years at the School Board administrative offices.

e. <u>Privacy</u>

The school division will respect the privacy of the complainant, the individuals against whom the complaint is filed, and the witnesses as much as possible, consistent with Richmond Public Schools' legal obligations to investigate, to take appropriate action, and to conform with any discovery or disclosure obligations.

f. Acts of Reprisal

Submission of a good faith complaint or report of harassment will not affect the complainant's grades, learning environment, or work assignments.

The School Board shall discipline or take appropriate action against any student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel who knowingly files a false complaint of harassment.

The School Board shall discipline or take appropriate action against any student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel who retaliates against any person who reports an incident of alleged harassment, or any person who testifies, assists, or participates in a proceeding, investigation or hearing relating to such harassment or violence. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, any form of intimidation, reprisal, or harassment.

Dissemination of Policy and Training

Richmond Public Schools shall conspicuously post this policy against harassment in each school, in a place accessible to students, faculty administrators, employees, parents, and members of the public. The notice shall include the name, mailing address and telephone number of the compliance officer and alternate for Richmond Public Schools, the Virginia Council on Human Rights, and the mailing address and telephone number of the United States Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights.

A summary of this policy shall appear in the *Standards of Student Conduct*. A summary of this policy is included in Appendix D. A complete copy of the policy shall be made available upon the request of parents, students, and other interested parties.

The division superintendent is directed to develop procedures and guidelines to implement this policy to include but not be limited to (a) a method of discussing this policy with students and employees; (b) training on the requirements of this policy and the appropriate responses to issues regarding harassment; (c) a division-wide plan to promote strategies to prevent harassment. Training of school personnel should take place on an annual basis, and at such other times as the School Board determines necessary or appropriate.

Application

This policy does not render lawful any conduct prohibited by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. This policy shall be reviewed at least annually for compliance with state and federal law.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1688; 29 U.S.C. § 794; 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d – 2000 d-7; 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e – 2000e-17.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 2, 2014 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-1.4 PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT IN EDUCATION

Parental Rights Generally

The parents of a student, regardless of the martial and custodial status of the parents, have a right to participate in student's education. Unless there is a court order to the contrary, both of the student's parents have the right to:

- a. View the child's school records in accordance with School Board policy;
- b. Receive school progress reports, the school calendar, notices of major school events, and notices generated pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act ("IDEIA") and Section 504;

- c. Visit the school in accordance with School Board policy;
- d. Receive notice of and participate in parent-teacher conferences; and
- e. Receive notice of the student's extended absences as defined in and pursuant to School Board policy if both parents have joint physical custody.

Parental Responsibilities

A custodial parent has the responsibility to:

- a. Inform the office of the student's school as to the address of residence and how he or she may be contacted at all times;
- b. List the current address and phone number of the non-custodial parent on the Richmond Public Schools registration form, unless such address is unknown and the parent signs a statement to that effect, or unless a court order restricts the educational or visitation rights of the non-custodial parent;
- c. Provide the school with a copy of any court order regarding the visitation and/or physical custody restrictions of the non-custodial parent, including any documentation which restricts or removes the non-custodial parent's right to view educational records; make educational decisions on behalf of the child; and/or access the child; and
- d. Assist the school in enforcing the school division's Standards of Student Conduct in order that education may be conducted in an atmosphere free of disruption and threat to persons or property and supportive of individual rights.
- e. Inform the school of any relevant medical information about the student, such as illnesses and allergies, to ensure that the school will be able to properly safeguard the student's welfare while at school and during school activities.

A non-custodial parent has the responsibility to apprise the office of the school his or her child attends of their current address and telephone number. Unless there is a court order to the contrary, non-custodial parents shall not be denied the opportunity to participate in any of the student's school activities based solely on their parental status, when such parent participation is supported or encouraged by the policies of the School Board

Parental Involvement under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act

The School Board recognizes that the education of each student is a responsibility shared by the school division and the student's family. As such, the School Board of the City of Richmond endorses the parental involvement goals of Title I and Title III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and encourages the regular participation and involvement of the parents of all children attending Richmond Public Schools including the parents of those eligible for Title I and Limited English Proficiency (LEP) programs in all aspects of those programs.

In keeping with these beliefs, it is the intention of the School Board to cultivate and support active parental involvement in student learning. The School Board will:

- a. provide activities that will educate parents regarding the intellectual and developmental needs of their children. These activities will promote cooperation between the division and other agencies or school/community groups (such as parent-teacher groups, the Head Start program, the Reading First program, Early Reading First program, Even Start program, and Parents as Teachers program) to furnish learning opportunities and disseminate information regarding parenting skills and child/adolescent development;
- b. implement strategies to involve parents in the educational process, including:
 - i. keeping families informed of opportunities for involvement and encouraging participation in various programs;
 - ii. providing access to educational resources for parents and families to use with their children; and
 - iii. keeping families informed of the objectives of division educational programs as well as of their child's participation and progress with these programs;
- c. enable families to participate in the education of their children through a variety of roles. For example, family members may:
 - i. provide input into division policies; and/or
 - ii. volunteer time within the classroom and school program
- d. provide professional development opportunities for teachers and staff to enhance their understanding of effective parent involvement strategies;
- e. perform regular evaluations of parent involvement at each school and in the division;
- f. provide access, upon request, to any instructional material used as part of the educational curriculum; and
- g. if practicable, provide information in a language understandable to parents.

In addition, for parents of students eligible for LEP programs, the School Board will inform such parents of how they can be active participants in assisting their children:

- a. to learn English;
- b. to achieve at high levels in core academic subjects; and
- c. to meet the same challenging academic content and student academic achievement standards as all children are expected to meet.

Parental Involvement in Title 1 Plan

The School Board encourages parents of children eligible to participate in Title I, Part A, programs to take advantage of all the options available to them under the No Child Left Behind Act to improve their child's academic performance, such as school choice, supplemental services and the signing of parent compact agreements.

Parental Involvement in School Review and Improvement

The School Board and Richmond Public Schools encourage parents of children eligible to participate in Title I, Part A, and LEP programs to participate in the process of school review and, if applicable, school improvement as implemented by the No Child Left

Behind Act of 2001, 20 U.S.C. § 2316. Parents may participate by joining School Planning and Management Teams, becoming informed and involved partners and signing parent compact agreements.

Division Responsibilities

The School Board, Richmond Public Schools, and each school which receives Title I, Part A, funds, **SHALL**:

- a. provide assistance to parents of children served by the school or division, as applicable, in understanding topics such as Virginia's academic content standards and student academic achievement standards, state and local academic assessments, and how to monitor a child's progress and work with educators to improve the achievement of their children;
- b. provide materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their children's achievement, such as literacy training and using technology, as appropriate, to foster parental involvement;
- c. educate teachers, pupil services personnel, principals, and other staff, with the assistance of parents, in the value and utility of contributions of parents and in how to reach out to, communicate with, and work with parents as equal partners, implement and coordinate parent programs, and build ties between parents and the school;
- d. to the extent feasible and appropriate, coordinate and integrate parental involvement programs and activities with Head Start, Reading First, Early Reading First, Even Start, the Home Instruction Programs for Preschool Youngsters, the Parents as Teachers Program, and public preschool and other programs, and conduct other activities, such as parent resource centers, that encourage and support parents in more fully participating in the education of their children;
- e. ensure that information related to school and parent programs, meetings, and other activities is sent to the parents of participating children in a format and, to the extent practicable, in a language the parents can understand; and
- f. provide such other reasonable support for parental involvement activities as parents may request.

The School Board, Richmond Public Schools, and each school which receives Title I, Part A, funds, **MAY**:

- a. involve parents in the development of training for teachers, principals, and other educators to improve the effectiveness of such training;
- b. provide necessary literacy training from Title I funds if the division has exhausted all other reasonable available sources of funding for such training;
- c. pay reasonable and necessary expenses associated with local parental involvement activities, including transportation and child care costs, to enable parents to participate in school-related meetings and training sessions;
- d. train parents to enhance the involvement of other parents:
- e. arrange school meetings at a variety of times, or conduct in-home conferences between teachers or other educators who work directly with

participating children and parents who are unable to attend such conferences at school in order to maximize parental involvement and participation;

- f. adopt and implement model approaches to improving parental involvement;
- g. establish a division-wide parent advisory council to provide advice on all matters related to parental involvement in programs supported under this section; and
- h. develop appropriate roles for community-based organizations and businesses in parental involvement activities.

School Parental Involvement Policies

Each school served under Title I, Part A, shall jointly develop with and distribute to parents of participating children a written parental involvement policy, agreed on by such parents, that shall describe the means for carrying out the following:

- a. convening an annual meeting, at a convenient time, to which all parents of participating children shall be invited and encouraged to attend, to inform parents of their school's participation in Title I, Part A, and to explain the requirements of Title I, Part A, and the rights of parents to be involved;
- b. offering a flexible number of meetings, such as meetings in the morning or evening, and may provide, with funds provided under this part, transportation, child care, or home visits, as such services relate to parental involvement;
- c. involving parents, in an organized, ongoing, and timely way, in the planning, review, and improvement of Title I, Part A, programs including the planning, review, and improvement of the school parental involvement policy and the joint development of the school-wide program plan under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, except that if a school has in place a process for involving parents in the joint planning and design of the school's programs, the school may use that process, if such process includes an adequate representation of parents of participating children; and
- d. providing parents of participating children:
 - i. timely information about Title I, Part A, programs;
 - ii. a description and explanation of the curriculum in use at the school, the academic assessments used to measure student progress, and the proficiency levels students are expected to meet; and
 - iii. if requested by parents, opportunities for regular meetings to formulate suggestions and to participate, as appropriate, in decisions relating to the education of their children, and respond to any such suggestions as soon as practicably possible; and
 - iv. if the school-wide program plan under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act is not satisfactory to the parents of participating children, opportunities to submit any parent comments on the plan when the school makes the plan available to the school division.

Parental Involvement in Allocation of Funding

Parents of children receiving services under Title I, Part A, shall be involved in the decisions regarding how funds provided under Title I, Part A, are allotted for parental involvement activities.

Policy Review

The content and effectiveness of this policy will be evaluated annually with regard to improving the academic quality of the schools receiving Title I, Part A, or LEP funds. This evaluation will identify barriers to greater participation by parents (particularly by parents who are economically disadvantaged, have disabilities, have limited English proficiency, have limited literacy, or are of any racial or ethnic minority background) and use the findings of that evaluation to design strategies for more effective parental involvement, and to revise, if necessary, this policy.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Family Educational Records Privacy Act; Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended § 20-124.6(a); 20 U.S.C. § 1232h.; Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-4.3, 22.1-78, 22.1-79.3.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-1.5 STUDENT INVOLVEMENT

The School Board of the City of Richmond recognizes the student body as a significant part of the community and in the decision making process.

Student input is important in the data collection process, and on relevant issues students' views will be sought and considered by the division superintendent and the School Board.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-78; 8 VAC 20-131-20.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-1.6 STUDENT RECORDS

Generally

The School Board of the City of Richmond shall maintain accurate and complete records for every student enrolled in the public schools in accordance with all federal and state laws.

The division superintendent and/or his or her designee(s) shall be responsible for the collection of data, record maintenance and security, access to, and use of records, confidentiality of personally identifiable information, dissemination of information from records, and destruction of records, including the destruction of personally identifiable

information regarding a student with a disability at the request of the parents. The division superintendent shall also provide for notification of all school division personnel of policy and procedures for management of education records and notification of parents and students of their rights regarding student records, including the right to obtain, upon request, a copy of this policy.

Missing Children

Richmond Public Schools shall receive reports of disappearances of any children living within the school division from local law enforcement pursuant to Code of Virginia, § 52-31.1. Upon notification by a local law-enforcement agency of a child's disappearance, the principal of any school in which the child was enrolled at the time of the disappearance shall indicate, by mark, in the child's cumulative record that the child has been reported as missing. Upon notification by law enforcement that the child is located, the principal shall remove the mark from the record.

Upon receiving a request from any school or person for copies of the cumulative records and birth certificate of any child who has been reported by a local law-enforcement agency to be missing, the school being requested to transfer the records shall immediately notify the law enforcement agency that provided the report to the school of the child's disappearance of the location of the school or person requesting the cumulative records and birth certificate of the child, without alerting the requestor of such report.

For the purposes of this policy, a "mark" shall mean an electronic or other indicator that (i) is readily apparent on the student's record and (ii) will immediately alert any school personnel that the record is that of a missing child.

Definitions

For the purposes of this policy, the School Board has used the following definitions of terms:

- a. <u>Student</u> any person who attends or has attended a school in the Richmond Public Schools.
- b. <u>Adult student</u> a student who has reached age 18.
- c. <u>Parent</u> either natural parent of a student, a guardian, or an individual acting as a parent or guardian in the absence of the student's parent or guardian.
- d. <u>Education records</u> any record (in handwriting, print, computer media, video or audio tape, film, microfilm, microfiche or other medium) maintained by Richmond Public Schools or an agent of the school division which contains information directly related to a student, except:
 - i. Records that are kept in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to

another person except a temporary substitute for the maker of the record.

- ii. Records created and maintained for law enforcement purposes by Richmond Public Schools law enforcement unit, if any. A law enforcement unit is an individual, department or office of the school division that is authorized to enforce any state or federal law, report enforcement matters to appropriate authorities or maintain the physical security and safety of the school division.
- iii. An employment record which is used only in relation to a student's employment by the Richmond Public Schools.
- iv. Records created or received after an individual is no longer in attendance and that are not directly related to the individual's attendance as a student.
- v. Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher.

Dissemination and Maintenance of Records about Court Proceedings

a. <u>Adjudications</u>

The division superintendent shall disseminate the notice or information regarding an adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in § 16.1-260 (G) of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, contained in a notice received pursuant to § 16.1-305.1 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, to school personnel responsible for the management of student records and to other relevant school personnel, including, but not limited to, the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled. The principal shall further disseminate such information to licensed instructional personnel and other school personnel who (1) provide direct educational and support services to the student and (2) have a legitimate educational interest in such information.

A parent, and, with consent of a parent or in compliance with a court order, the court in which the disposition was rendered, shall be notified in writing of any disciplinary action taken with regard to any incident upon which the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in § 16.1-260 (G) of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended was based and the reasons therefor. The parent shall also be notified of his or her right to review, and to request an amendment of, the student's scholastic record.

Every notice of adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in § 16.1-260 (G) of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended received by a division superintendent, and information contained in the notice, which is not a disciplinary record as defined in Board of Education regulations, shall be maintained by the division superintendent and by any others to whom they disseminate it, separately from all other records concerning the student. However, if the school administrators or the School Board takes disciplinary action against a student based upon an incident which formed the basis for the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260, the notice shall become a part of the student's disciplinary record.

b. <u>Petitions</u>

The division superintendent shall not disclose information contained in or derived from a notice of petition received pursuant to § 16.1-260 (G) of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended except as follows:

- i. if the juvenile is not enrolled as a student in a public school in the division to which the notice was given, the division superintendent shall promptly notify the intake officer of the juvenile court in which the petition was filed and may forward the notice of petition to the division superintendent of the division in which the juvenile is enrolled, if known;
- ii. prior to receipt of the notice of disposition, the division superintendent may disclose the fact of the filing of the petition and the nature of the offense to the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled if the division superintendent believes that disclosure to school personnel is necessary to ensure the physical safety of the student, other students or school personnel within the division; and
- iii. after the student has been taken into custody, whether or not the student has been released, the principal may further disseminate the information only to those students and school personnel having direct contact with the student and need of the information to ensure physical safety, appropriate educational placement or other educational services.

Annual Notification

The school division shall annually notify parents and adult students of their rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) including:

- a. the right to inspect and review the student's educational records and the procedure for exercising this right;
- b. the right to request amendment of the student's educational records that the parent believes to be inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's privacy rights and the procedure for exercising this right;
- c. the right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent;

- d. the type of information designated as directory information and the right to opt out of release of directory information;
- e. that the school division releases records to other institutions that have requested the information and in which the students seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer;
- f. the right to opt out of releasing the student's name, address, and phone number to military recruiters or institutions of higher education that request such information;
- g. specification of the criteria for determining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest; and
- h. the right to file complaints with the Family Policy Compliance Office in the United States Department of Education concerning the school division's alleged failure to comply with FERPA.

Procedure to Inspect Education Records

Parents of students or adult students may inspect and review the student's education records within a reasonable period of time, which shall not exceed 45 days, and before any meeting regarding an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or hearing involving a student with a disability. Further, parents shall have the right to a response from the school division to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the education record.

Parents or adult students should submit to the student's school principal a written request which identifies as precisely as possible the record or records he or she wishes to inspect.

The principal (or appropriate school official) will make the needed arrangements for access as promptly as possible and notify the parent or adult student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.

When a record contains information about students other than a parent's child or the adult student, the parent or adult student may not inspect and review the portion of the record which pertains to other students.

Copies of Education Records

Richmond Public Schools will not provide a parent or adult student a copy of the student's education record unless failure to do so would effectively prevent the parent or adult student from exercising the right to inspect and review the records.

Fees for Copies of Records

The fee for copies will be .01 cent per page. The actual cost of copying time and postage will be charged. Richmond Public Schools shall not charge for search and retrieval of the records. Richmond Public Schools shall not charge a fee for copying an IEP or for a copy of the verbatim record of a hearing conducted in accordance with the State Board of

Education's Regulations Governing Special Education Programs for Children with Disabilities in Virginia.

Types, Locations, and Custodians of Education Records

Richmond Public School shall provide parents on request a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained, or used by the school division.

The following is a list of the types of records that the Richmond Public Schools maintain, their locations, and their custodians.

Types	Location Custodian	
Cumulative School Records (Current students and former students 5 years and less)	School Principal's Office	School Principal
Cumulative School Technician Records (Former students more than 5 years)	Student Records Office - City Hall 301 N. Ninth St., 13th Floor Richmond, VA 23219	Records
Discipline Records	See Cumulative School Records	
Health Records	See Cumulative School Records	
Speech Therapy Records	See Cumulative School Records	
Psychological Records	See Cumulative School Records	
School Transportation Records	Student Transportation 3501 Belt Boulevard Richmond, VA 23234	Director
Occasional Records (Student education records not identified above; such as those in Superintendent's Office, in the school attorney's office, or in the possession of teachers.)	Principal will collect and make available at student's school	School Principal

Disclosure of Education Records

Richmond Public Schools shall disclose education records or personally identifiable information contained therein only with the written consent of the parent or adult student subject to the following exceptions. To the extent permitted by law, the school division may disclose education record information without consent:

a. To school officials who have a legitimate educational interest in the records.

A school official is:

- i. A person employed by the school division as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member.
- ii. A person appointed or elected to the School Board.
- iii. A person employed by or under contract to the school division to perform a special task, such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist.
- iv. A contractor, consultant, volunteer, or other party to whom the school division has outsourced services or functions for which the school division would otherwise use employees and who is under the direct control of the school division with respect to the use and maintenance of education records.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official is:

- i. Performing a task that is specified in his or her position description or by a contract agreement.
- ii. Performing a task related to a student's education.
- iii. Performing a task related to the discipline of a student.
- iv. Providing a service or benefit relating to the student or student's family, such as health care, counseling, job placement, or financial aid.
- b. To officials of another school, school system, or institution of postsecondary education where the student seeks or intends to enroll or where the student is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer. If records or information are released under this provision, the student's parents will be notified of the release, receive a copy of the record(s), if they so desire, and have an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the content of the record.
- c. To certain officials of the U.S. Department of Education, the United States Attorney General, the Comptroller General, and state educational authorities, in connection with certain state or federally supported education programs and in accordance with applicable federal regulations if such disclosure is required by federal law or regulation.

- d. In connection with a student's request for or receipt of financial aid as necessary to determine the eligibility, amount, or conditions of the financial aid, or to enforce the terms and conditions of the aid.
- For the purpose of furthering the ability of the juvenile justice system to e. effectively serve the pupil prior to adjudication. The principal or his designee may disclose identifying information from a pupil's scholastic record to state or local law-enforcement or correctional personnel, including a law-enforcement officer, probation officer, parole officer or administrator, or a member of a parole board, seeking information in the course of his duties; an officer or employee of a county or city agency responsible for protective services to children, as to a pupil referred to that agency as a minor requiring investigation or supervision by that agency; attorneys for the Commonwealth, court services units, juvenile detention centers or group homes, mental and medical health agencies, state and local children and family service agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice and to the staff of such agencies. Prior to disclosure of any such scholastic records, the persons to whom the records are to be disclosed shall certify in writing to the principal or his designee that the information will not be disclosed to any other party, except as provided under state law, without the prior written consent of the parent of the student or by such student if the student is eighteen years of age or older.
- f. To organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school division.
- g. To accrediting organizations to carry out their functions.
- h. To parents of an adult student who claim the student as a dependent for income tax purposes.
- i. To the entities or persons designated in judicial orders or subpoenas as specified in FERPA.
- j. To appropriate parties in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals and required by federal law or regulation. If the school division releases information in connection with an emergency, it will record the following information:
 - i. the articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals that formed the basis for the disclosure; and
 - ii. the parties to whom the division disclosed the information.
- k. Directory information so designated by the school division.
- 1. When the disclosure concerns sex offenders and other individuals required to register under section 170101 of the Violent Crime Control and Law

Enforcement Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. § 14071, and the information was provided to the division under 42 U.S.C. § 14071 and applicable federal guidelines.

The school division will use reasonable methods to identify and authenticate the identity of parents, students, school officials, and any other parties to whom it discloses personally identifiable information from education records.

Unauthorized Disclosure of Electronic Records

In cases in which electronic records containing personally identifiable information are reasonably believed to have been disclosed in violation of federal or state law applicable to such information, the school division shall notify, as soon as practicable, the parent of any student affected by such disclosure, except as otherwise provided in Va. Code §§ 32.1-127.1:05 or 18.2-186.6. Such notification shall include the (i) date, estimated date, or date range of the disclosure; (ii) type of information that was or is reasonably believed to have been disclosed; and (iii) remedial measures taken or planned in response to the disclosure.

Disclosure to Federal Agencies

Notwithstanding any other provision of law or policy, no member or employee of the School Board will transmit personally identifiable information, as that term is defined in FERPA and related regulations, from a student's record to a federal government agency or an authorized representative of such agency except as required by federal law or regulation.

Disclosure of Information Relating to Home Instructed Students

Neither the division superintendent nor the School Board shall disclose to the Department of Education or any other person or entity outside of the local school division information that is provided by a parent or student to satisfy the requirements of School Board Policy 8-2.7 or subdivision B 1 of Va. Code § 22.1-254. Nothing in this policy prohibits the division superintendent from notifying the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the number of students in the school division receiving home instruction.

Military Recruiters and Institutions of Higher Learning

Richmond Public Schools will provide, on request made by military recruiters or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students' names, addresses, and telephone listings.

A secondary school student or the parent of the student may request that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be released without prior written parental consent. The school division will notify parents of the option to make a request and will comply with any request.

The school division will provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to post-secondary educational institutions or to prospective employers of those students.

Record of Disclosure

Richmond Public Schools shall maintain a record, kept with the education records of each student, indicating all individuals (except school officials who have a legitimate educational interest in the records), agencies, or organizations which request or obtain access to a student's education records. The record will indicate specifically the legitimate interest the party had in obtaining the information. The record of access will be available only to parents, to the school official and his assistants who are responsible for the custody of such records, and to persons or organizations which audit the operation of the system.

The requirements related to records of disclosure stated above do not apply to disclosures made pursuant to an ex parte order issued by a court at the request of the United States Attorney General (or any Federal officer or employee, in a position not lower than an Assistant Attorney General, designated by the Attorney General) seeking to collect education records relevant to an authorized investigation or prosecution of international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331 or other acts listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B).

Personal information will only be transferred to a third party on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information without the written consent of the parents of the student. If a third party permits access to information, or fails to destroy information, the division will not permit access to information from education records to that third party for a period of at least five years.

Directory Information

Richmond Public Schools shall notify parents and adult students at the beginning of each school year what information, if any, Richmond Public Schools has designated as directory information, the right to refuse to let the division designate any or all of such information as directory information, and the period of time to notify the division, in writing, that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information designated as directory information.

Correction of Education Records

The procedures for the amendment of records that a parent or adult student believes to be inaccurate are as follows.

- a. Parents or the adult student must request in writing that Richmond Public Schools amend a record. In so doing, they should identify the part of the record they want changed and specify why they believe it is inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's privacy or other rights.
- b. Richmond Public Schools shall decide whether to amend the record in accordance with the request within a reasonable period of time. If it decides not to comply, the school division shall notify the parents or adult student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing to challenge the

information believed to be inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the student's rights.

- c. Upon request, Richmond Public Schools shall arrange for a hearing, and notify the parents or adult student, reasonably in advance, of the date, place, and time of the hearing. The hearing shall be held within a reasonable period of time after the request.
- d. The parent or adult student may, at his or her own expense, be assisted or represented by one or more individuals of his or her own choice, including an attorney.
- e. The hearing shall be conducted by a hearing officer who is a disinterested party; however, the hearing officer may be an official of the school division. The parents or adult student shall be afforded a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues raised in the original request to amend the student's education records in accordance with FERPA.
- f. Richmond Public Schools shall prepare a written decision which will include a summary of the evidence presented and the reasons for the decision within a reasonable period of time after the hearing. The decision will be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing.
- g. If Richmond Public Schools decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the student's right of privacy, it shall amend (including expungement) the record and notify the parents or adult student, in writing, that the record has been amended.
- h. If Richmond Public Schools decides that the challenged information is not inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the student's right of privacy, it will notify the parents or adult student that they have a right to place in the record a statement commenting on the challenged information and/or a statement setting forth reasons for disagreeing with the decision. The statement will be maintained as part of the student's education records as long as the contested portion is maintained and disclosed whenever the school division discloses the portion of the record to which the statement relates.

Confidentiality of HIV and Drug and Alcohol Treatment Records

Richmond Public Schools shall comply with the confidentiality requirements of §32.1-36.1 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, providing for the confidentiality of records related to any test for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). In addition, the school division shall maintain confidentiality of drug and alcohol treatment records as required by federal and state law.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 18 U.S.C. §§ 2331, 2332 b; 20 U.S.C. §§ 1232g, 7908; 42 U.S.C. § 290 dd-2; 34 C.F.R. 99.3, 99.7, 99.10, 99.20-22, 99.31-37; Code of Virginia , 1950, as

amended, §§ 2.2-3704, 2.2-3804, 16.1-260, 16.1-305.1, 16.1-305.2, 22.1-254.1, 22.1-287, 22.1-287.01, 22.1-287.02, 22-1.287.1, 22.1-288, 22.1-288.1, 22.1-288.2, 22.1-289, 23-2.1:3, 32.1-361; 8 VAC 20-720-130.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 16, 2014 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-1.7 ADMINISTRATION OF SURVEYS AND QUESTIONNAIRES

Instructional Materials and Surveys

a. <u>Inspection of Instructional Materials</u>

All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material which will be used as part of the educational curriculum for a student or which will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any federally funded program shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the student in accordance with School Board policy and/or administrative procedures.

b. <u>Participation in Surveys and Evaluations</u>

No student shall be required, as part of any federally funded program, to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning

- i. political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent;
- ii. mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family;
- iii. sex behavior or attitudes;
- iv. illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior;
- v. critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships;
- vi. legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers;
- vii. religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or student's parent; or
 - viii. income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program), without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emancipated minor), or in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent.
- c. Surveys Requesting Sexual or Other Sensitive Information

In any case in which a questionnaire or survey requesting <u>that students</u> <u>provide sexual</u> information, mental health information, medical information,

information on student health risk behaviors pursuant to Va. Code § 32.1-73.8, other information on controlled substance use, or any other information that the School Board deems to be sensitive in nature is to be administered, the School Board shall notify the parent concerning the administration of such questionnaire or survey in writing at least 30 days prior to its administration. The notice will inform the parent of the nature and types of questions included in the questionnaire or survey, the purposes and age-appropriateness of the questionnaire or survey, how information collected by the questionnaire or survey will be used, who will have access to such information, the steps that will be taken to protect student privacy, and whether and how any findings or results will be disclosed. In any case in which a questionnaire or survey is required by state law or is requested by a state agency, the relevant state agency shall provide the School Board with all information required to be included in the notice to parents. The parent has the right to review the questionnaire or survey in a manner mutually agreed upon by the school and the parent and to exempt the parent's child from participating in the questionnaire or survey. Unless required by federal or state law or regulation, school personnel administering any such questionnaire or survey shall not disclose personally identifiable information.

No questionnaire or survey requesting that students provide sexual information shall be administered to any student in kindergarten through grade six.

d. <u>Additional Protections</u>

A parent or emancipated student may, upon request, inspect any instructional material used as part of the educational curriculum of the student and any survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed to a student. Any inspection shall be in accordance with School Board policy and/or administrative procedures.

In addition, in the event of the administration or distribution of a survey containing one or more of the subjects listed above, the privacy of students to whom the survey is administered will be protected as required by law.

e. <u>Physical Examinations and Screenings</u>

Policies regarding examinations or screenings will be developed and adopted in consultation with parents if Richmond Public Schools administers any physical examinations or screenings other than (i) those required by Virginia law; and (ii) surveys administered to a student in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

f. <u>Commercial Use of Information</u>

Questionnaires and surveys shall not be administered to public school students during the regular school day or at school-sponsored events without written, informed parental consent when participation in such questionnaire or survey may subsequently result in the sale for commercial purposes of personal information regarding the individual student. This subsection does not apply to the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for, or to, students or educational institutions, such as the following:

- i. college or other postsecondary education recruitment, or military recruitment;
- ii. book clubs, magazines, and programs providing access to low-cost literary products;
- iii. curriculum and instructional materials used by elementary schools and secondary schools;
- iv. tests and assessments used by elementary schools and secondary schools to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic, clinical, aptitude, or achievement information about students (or to generate other statistically useful data for the purpose of securing such tests and assessments) and the subsequent analysis and public release of the aggregate data from such tests and assessments;
- v. the sale by students of products or services to raise funds for schoolrelated or education-related activities; and
- vi. student recognition programs.
- g. <u>Notification</u>
 - i. *Notification of Policies*

The School Board shall provide notice of this policy directly to parents of students annually at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable period of time after any substantive change in the policy. The School Board will also offer an opportunity for the parent (or emancipated student) to opt the student out of participation in:

- activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information (or otherwise providing that information to others for that purpose);
- the administration of any survey referenced in this policy; or
- any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is
 - required as a condition of attendance;
 - administered by the school and scheduled by the school in advance; and
 - not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students.

ii. Notification of Specific Events

The School Board will directly notify the parent of a student, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates during the school year when the following activities are scheduled, or expected to be scheduled:

- activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information (or otherwise providing that information to others for that purpose);
- the administration of any survey referenced in this policy;
- any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is
 - required as a condition of attendance;
 - administered by the school and scheduled by the school in advance; and
 - not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students.

h. <u>Definitions</u>

- i. <u>Instructional material</u>: the term "instructional material" means instructional content that is provided to a student, regardless of its format, including printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials, and materials in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet). The term does not include academic tests or academic assessments.
- ii. <u>Invasive physical examination</u>: the term "invasive physical examination" means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts, or any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body, but does not include a hearing, vision, or scoliosis screening.
- iii. <u>Parent</u>: the term "parent" includes a legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis (such as a grandparent or stepparent with whom the child lives, or a person who is legally responsible for the welfare of the child).
- iv. <u>Personal information</u>: the term "personal information" means individually identifiable information including
 - a student or parent's first and last name;
 - a home or other physical address (including street name and the name of the city or town);
 - a telephone number; or
 - a Social Security identification number.

v. <u>Survey</u>: the term "survey" includes an evaluation.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h; Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.3.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

SECTION VIII – STUDENTS

ARTICLE II STUDENT ADMISSION, ATTENDANCE AND ASSIGNMENT

POLICY 8-2.1 COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

General Requirements

Except as otherwise provided in this policy, every parent, guardian, or other person in the Commonwealth having control or charge of any child who will have reached the fifth (5th) birthday on or before September 30 of any school year and who has not passed the eighteenth (18th) birthday shall, during the period of each year the public schools are in session and for the same number of days and hours per day as the public schools, send such child to a public school or to a private, denominational or parochial school or have such child taught by a tutor or teacher of qualifications prescribed by the Board of Education and approved by the division superintendent or provide for home instruction of such child as described in § 22.1-254.1 of the Code of Virginia. Home instruction shall not be classified or defined as a private, denominational or parochial school.

As prescribed in the regulations of the Board of Education, the requirements of this policy may also be satisfied by sending a child to an alternative program of study or work/study offered by a public, private, denominational or parochial school or by a public or private degree-granting institution of higher education. Further, in the case of any five-year-old child who is subject to the provisions of this policy, the requirements of this section may be alternatively satisfied by sending the child to any public educational prekindergarten program, including a Head Start program, or in a private, denominational or parochial educational prekindergarten program.

The requirements of this policy shall apply to (i) any child in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Corrections who has not passed his eighteenth birthday and (ii) any child whom the division superintendent has required to take a special program of prevention, intervention, or remediation as provided in § 22.1-253.13:1(C) and § 22.1-254.01 of the Code of Virginia.

The requirements of this section shall not apply to any child who has obtained a high school diploma, its equivalent, or a certificate of completion or who has otherwise complied with compulsory school attendance requirements as set forth in this policy.

Any child who will not have reached his sixth birthday on or before September 30 of each school year whose parent or guardian notifies the appropriate school board that he does not wish the child to attend school until the following year because the child, in the opinion of the parent or guardian, is not mentally, physically or emotionally prepared to attend school, may delay the child's attendance for one year.

General Exemptions

The School Board of the City of Richmond **shall** excuse from attendance at school:

1. Any student who, together with his parents, by reason of bona fide religious training or belief is conscientiously opposed to attendance at school. For purposes of this policy, "bona fide religious training or belief" does not include essentially political, sociological or philosophical views or a merely personal moral code; and

2. On the recommendation of the Richmond Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court and for such period of time as the court deems appropriate, any student who, together with his parents, is opposed to attendance at a school by reason of concern for such student's health, as verified by competent medical evidence, or by reason of such student's reasonable apprehension for personal safety when such concern or apprehension in that student's specific case is determined by the court, upon consideration of the recommendation of the principal and division superintendent, to be justified.

The School Board of the City of Richmond **may** excuse from attendance at school:

1. On recommendation of the principal and the division superintendent and with the written consent of the parent or guardian, any student who the School Board determines, in accordance with regulations of the Board of Education, cannot benefit from education at such school; and

2. On recommendation of the Richmond Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court, any student who, in the judgment of such court, cannot benefit from education at such school.

Health-Related Exemptions: Contagious or Infectious Diseases; Immunizations

1. Children suffering from contagious or infectious diseases shall be exempt from compulsory attendance when the physical incapacity is documented by a written statement from a licensed physician or licensed nurse practitioner treating the child, giving the reason(s) for the student's inability to attend school. However, a child excluded from the regular instructional program under this exemption may be eligible to apply for homebound instruction in cases where such instruction may be of benefit to the child.

2. The attendance at school of students who suffer from or are reasonably suspected of suffering from (a) a communicable disease which poses a substantial risk or danger of infection to the school community and is serious or long term, such as tuberculosis or Hepatitis A; or (b) bloodborne diseases which are infectious or contagious, such as HIV-1, Hepatitis B, and cytomegalovirus, and which may be transmitted by the exchange of body fluids or secretions, shall be determined by the division superintendent on a case-by-case basis as established elsewhere in School Board policy. The division superintendent shall seek a recommendation from a review committee to assist in making the determination. The student may be temporarily excluded from school pending the division superintendent's decision.

3. Children whose immunizations against communicable diseases have not been completed may be excluded from school attendance unless such children have been exempted from immunization requirements. (Any parent, guardian or other person having control or charge of a child being exempted or excused from school attendance shall comply with the immunization requirement provided in § 32.1-46 of the Code of Virginia in the same manner and to the same extent as if the child has been enrolled in and is attending school.)

Alternative Education Plan

For a student who is at least sixteen years of age, the School Board may allow the compulsory attendance requirements to be met through the development and implementation of an individual student alternative education plan. There shall be a meeting of the student, the student's parents, and the principal or designee of the school in which the student is enrolled in which the alternative education plan shall be developed in conformity with guidelines prescribed by the Board of Education. The plan must include at a minimum:

- 1. Career guidance counseling;
- 2. Mandatory enrollment and attendance in a preparatory program for passing a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education or other alternative education program approved by the School Board with attendance reported to the principal or principal's designee;
- 3. mandatory enrollment in a program to earn a Board of Education-approved career and technical education credential, a state licensure examination, a national occupational competency assessment, or the Virginia workplace readiness skills assessment;
- 4. successful completion of the course in economics and personal finance required to earn a Board of Education-approved high school diploma;
- 5. Counseling on the economic impact of failing to complete high school; and
- 6. Procedures for reenrollment to comply with the compulsory attendance set forth in the General Requirements section of this policy.

A student for whom an individual student alternative education plan has been granted pursuant to this subsection and who fails to comply with the conditions of such plan shall be in violation of the compulsory school attendance law, and the division superintendent or attendance officer shall seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school attendance law.

Students enrolled with an individual student alternative education plan shall be counted in the average daily membership of the Richmond Public Schools.

Requesting Exemptions

Any request for exemption from attendance shall be presented annually in writing to the division superintendent or his/her designee. Applicants desiring to provide home instruction shall be referred to the division superintendent's office. All other exemptions from compulsory attendance granted by the School Board shall be in accordance with state law.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-254 through 22.1-269.1.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 16, 2014

POLICY 8-2.2 ADMISSIONS

Age of Student

A person of school age is eligible for admission on a non-tuition a basis if residing in the Richmond Public Schools division, or if eligible as a homeless child or youth pursuant to Policy 8-2.3. For the purpose of this policy, "a person of school age" is defined as a person who will have reached his or her fifth (5th) birthday on or before September 30 of the school year and who has not reached twenty (20) years of age on or before August 1 of the school year.

A student who has passed their twentieth (20th) birthday shall be permitted to attend the public day schools only with special permission of the division superintendent. The School Board of the City of Richmond, in its discretion, may charge tuition fees to such student.

Pursuant to § 22.1-199 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, the division superintendent is authorized to enroll a child into kindergarten whose fifth (5th) birthday occurs between October 1 and December 31 of the school year after an appropriate readiness program has demonstrated that attendance in the kindergarten program will educationally benefit such child. The division superintendent is directed to develop procedures, to include appropriate admission criteria, with respect to this provision.

Residency

For the purposes of this policy a "resident" is defined as one who lives permanently in the City of Richmond. Proof of residence shall include, but not be limited to, two or more of the following, which reflect the physical address of the resident: a U.S. or Virginia income tax return from the previous year, a U.S. Internal Revenue Service tax reporting W-2 form from the current year, a deed or lease agreement to the residence, a voter registration card, a receipt for personal property taxes paid within the last year, a payroll check or payroll check stub issued by an employer within the last three months, or a telephone bill issued within the last three months. Final decisions regarding residence for school attendance purposes shall be made by the Richmond Public Schools division superintendent or his/her designee.

Unless otherwise disqualified by these policies, children who meet the residency requirements as provided in § 22.1-3 of the Code of Virginia, or who are children placed in foster care, as provided in § 63.2-100 of the Code of Virginia, shall be admitted free of

charge to the school to which they are assigned. It is a Class 4 misdemeanor to knowingly make a false statement concerning the residency of a child within the school division or within a particular attendance zone within the school division to: (1) avoid tuition charges, or (2) enroll a child in a school outside the attendance zone in which the student resides. Any person making such a false statement shall be liable to the School Board for tuition charges for the time the student was enrolled in the school division.

Birth Certificate

Either a certified copy of the student's birth records or other reliable proof of the student's identity and age and an affidavit explaining the inability to produce a certified copy of the birth record must be presented prior to admission of the student. The principal or the principal's designee shall record the official state birth number from the student's birth record into the student's permanent school record and may retain a copy in the student's permanent school record. The principal shall immediately notify the Richmond Police Department when a certified copy of a birth record is not presented for a student. The division superintendent shall develop an arrangement, in cooperation with the Richmond Police Department, to receive reports on disappearances of any children living within the school division.

If the student seeking enrollment is a homeless child or youth as defined in §22.1-3 of the Code of Virginia, the school shall immediately enroll the student, even if the student is unable to produce the records required for enrollment, shall immediately contact the school last attended to obtain relevant academic and other records and shall comply with the provisions of the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Improvement Act of 2001, including immediately referring the parent of the student or youth to the school division's Homeless Education Liaison who shall assist in obtaining necessary records for enrollment.

If the child is a child placed in foster care as defined in §22.1-3.4 of the Code of Virginia, the child shall be enrolled immediately. If documentation of the child's birth records or other reliable proof of the student's identity and age is not immediately available at the time of enrollment, the person enrolling the child shall provide a written statement, that to the best of his knowledge, confirms the student's age. The placing social services agency shall obtain and produce the child's birth records or other reliable proof of the student's identity and age or otherwise ensure compliance with these requirements within 30 days after enrollment.

Student Identification Numbers

The School Board will assign a unique student identification number, determined in accordance with a system developed by the Department of Education, to each student enrolled in the school division. No student identification number will include or will be derived from a student's social security number. Each student will retain the assigned student identification number for as long as the student is enrolled in a public elementary or secondary school in Virginia.

Special Health Requirements

a. <u>Physical Examinations</u>

Prior to admission to any elementary school, a student or his parent or guardian must furnish (1) a report from a qualified licensed physician, or a licensed nurse practitioner or licensed physician assistant acting under the supervision of a licensed physician, of a comprehensive physical examination, as prescribed by the State Health Commissioner, performed within the twelve months prior to the date of entrance, or (2) records including a physical examination from another school division in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

If a report of a medical examination or a record of such an examination from another school or school division cannot be furnished because the student is a homeless child or youth, and the person seeking to enroll the student furnishes to the school division an affidavit so stating and also indicating that, to the best of his knowledge, the student is in good health and free from any communicable or contagious disease, the school division shall immediately refer the student to the school division's Homeless Education Liaison who shall, as soon as practicable, assist in obtaining the necessary physical examination by the City of Richmond Health Department or other clinic or physician's office and shall immediately admit the student to school pending receipt of the report from such physical examination.

A physical examination is not required for any child whose parents or guardian object on religious grounds provided the child shows no visual evidence of illness. The parent or guardian shall state in writing that the child, to the best of his or her knowledge, is in good health and free of any communicable or contagious disease.

Parents of students entering school shall complete a health information form required by state law which shall be distributed by Richmond Public Schools. The forms must be returned to the student's school within fifteen (15) days of receiving the form unless a reasonable extension has been granted by the division superintendent or his/her designee. Upon failure of the parent to complete such form within the extended time, or if an extension to return the form has not been requested and/or granted, the division superintendent may send to the parent(s) a written notice of the date the child will be excluded from school if the form is not returned. No student who is classified as a homeless child or youth shall be excluded from school for such failure to complete such form.

Physical examination reports shall be placed in the student's health record at the school and shall be made available for review by any employee or official of the State Department of Health or any local health department at the request of such employee or official.

b. <u>Immunization Requirements</u>

Unless otherwise exempted, prior to admission to any grade level in any Richmond public school, a student or his parent or guardian must submit documentary proof of immunizations to the admitting official. If the student does not have the required documentation, the school shall notify the student and his parent or guardian (1) that it has no documentary proof of immunization for the student, (2) that the student may not be admitted to school with proof unless the student falls into a category that is exempt from exclusion by law, and (3) how and from whom to obtain services to comply with the regulation.

No certificate of immunization shall be required for school admission if (1) the student, parent or guardian submits a notarized statement that the administration of immunizations conflict with religious beliefs, (2) the school has written certification from a licensed physician, licensed nurse practitioner or local health department that one or more of the required immunizations may be detrimental to the student's health, or (3) the student is a homeless child or youth. If a homeless child or youth does not have documentary proof of immunizations or has incomplete immunizations, and is not otherwise exempted from immunizations pursuant to (1) or (2) above, the school division's Homeless Education Liaison shall assist in obtaining proof of or completing immunizations as required.

Any student whose immunizations are incomplete may be admitted conditionally if the student provides documentation at the time of enrollment of having received at least one dose of the required immunizations accompanied by a schedule for completion of the required doses within ninety (90) days. Any student failing to comply with this schedule shall be excluded from school until his immunizations are resumed.

Immunization records shall be maintained in the student's health folder. Documentary proof of immunization shall be provided to the student, parent, or guardian upon written request.

Street Address

Documents submitted for admission of a child to Richmond Public Schools (except birth certificates and physical examination reports) shall include the street address or route number of the child's residence. If no street address or route number exists for such residence, a post office box number shall be required. If a street address, route number or post office box number cannot be provided because the student is a homeless child or youth, and the person seeking to enroll the student furnishes to the school division an affidavit so stating, the school division may accept an address in an alternate form it deems appropriate.

Criminal Convictions and Delinquency

The parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of a child of school age must provide, upon registration:

(1) A sworn statement or affirmation indicating whether the student has been found guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for any offense of the following offenses as defined by the Code of Virginia:

- (a) A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- (b) Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- (c) Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- (d) Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- (f) Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- (g) Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2;
- (h) Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- (i) Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- (j) Prohibited street gang participation pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- (k) Recruitment of other juveniles for a criminal street gang activity pursuant to \$18.2-46.3; and
- (1) An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1.

The parent or guardian must also report any offense which is a substantially similar offense under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

The sworn statement shall be maintained as provided in the Code of Virginia § 22.1-288.2 and will not become a part of the student's permanent record unless the school administrators or the School Board takes disciplinary action against a student based upon an incident which formed the basis for the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense. If disciplinary action is taken for the offense, the information shall become a part of the student's disciplinary record.

(2) A sworn statement or affirmation indicating whether the student has been expelled from school attendance at a private school or in a public school division of the Commonwealth or in another state for an offense in violation of school board policies relating to weapons, alcohol or drugs, or for the willful infliction of injury to another person. This document shall be maintained as a part of the student's scholastic record.

When the child is registered as a result of a foster care placement information regarding criminal convictions and delinquency in this sub-section shall be furnished by the local social services agency or licensed child-placing agency that made the foster care placement.

Any person making a materially false statement or affirmation shall be guilty upon conviction of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

Nonresidents

a. <u>Generally</u>

The enrollment of nonresident students shall be subject to the availability of space and to the approval of the division superintendent, upon the advice of the appropriate principal, and contingent upon the payment of the tuition established by the School Board in accordance with Policy 3-3.16. Nonresident high school students taking less than a full schedule shall pay tuition on a prorated basis. Students whose parents or legal guardians move from the City of Richmond after February 1 may continue in school without charge for the remainder of the school year.

b. <u>Exceptions</u>

In the interest of providing educational continuity to certain students shall be permitted to attend Richmond Public Schools free of charge under the following circumstances:

- (1) Children of active duty military personnel attending a school free of charge in accordance with this section shall not be charged tuition upon such child's relocation to military housing located in another school division in the Commonwealth, pursuant to orders received by such child's parent to relocate to base housing and forfeit his military housing allowance. Such children shall be allowed to continue attending school in Richmond Public Schools, provided that it was the school division they attended immediately prior to the relocation and shall not be charged tuition for attending school. Such children shall be counted in the Richmond Public Schools' average daily membership. Richmond Public Schools shall not, however, be responsible for providing for their transportation to and from school;
- (2) Certain students who have become homeless during the school year in accordance with the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act; and
- (3) Students who are placed in foster care within another school division or in who are placed in foster care in another zone within the school division when school staff and the social services agency have determined, in writing,

that it is in the student's best interest to remain enrolled in the school the student attended prior to foster care placement.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-1, 22.1-3, 22.1-3.1, 22.1-3.2, 22.1-3.4, 22.1-4.1, 22.1-5, 22.1-199, 22.1-255, 22.1-260, 22.1-270, and 22.1-271.2.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted May 19, 2014 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-2.3 SCHOOL REGISTRATION OF HOMELESS STUDENTS

The School Board of the City of Richmond is committed to educating homeless children and youth and will serve each homeless student according to the student's best interest. Homeless children and youth shall not be stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their status as homeless.

The School Board and school division shall comply with the requirements of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, with respect to the enrollment of homeless children and youth. The division superintendent shall promulgate regulations and/or procedures consistent with the requirements of the Act and the provisions of this policy.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 20 U.S.C. §6399; 42 U.S.C. §§ 11302, 11431 et seq.; Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§22.1-3, 22.1-70, 22.1-78, 22.1-270; Superintendent's Memo No. 64 (Dec. 5, 2003).

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-2.4 STUDENT ATTENDANCE AND ABSENCES/TRUANCY

Generally

The School Board of the City of Richmond considers regular class attendance an essential element in the educational process to achieve optimum learning. Student attendance is a cooperative effort and the School Board shall involve parents and students in accepting the responsibility for good attendance. Each parent/guardian or person having control or charge of a child within the compulsory attendance age shall be responsible for such child's regular and punctual attendance at school as required under provisions of the law.

Student attendance shall be monitored and reported as required by state law and regulations. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to limit in any way the authority of any attendance officer or the division superintendent to seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school attendance law.

Truancy

A reasonable effort shall be made to contact a parent/guardian of each absent student every day, and to obtain an explanation for the student's absence, where there is no indication that the student's parent is aware of and supports the absence.

a. <u>Upon Fifth Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support</u>

If (1) a student fails to report to school for a total of five scheduled school days for the school year, (2) there is no indication that the student's parent is aware of and supports the absence; and (3) reasonable efforts to notify the parent of the absences have failed, then the principal or his designee or the attendance officer shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that direct contact is made with the parent, either in person or through telephone conversation, to obtain an explanation for the student's absence and to explain to the parent the consequences of continued nonattendance. The school principal or his designee or the attendance officer, the student, and the student's parent shall jointly develop a plan to resolve the student's nonattendance. Such plan shall include documentation of the reasons for the student's nonattendance.

b. Upon Sixth Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support

If the student is absent an additional day after direct contact with the student's parent and the attendance officer has received no indication that the student's parent is aware of and supports the student's absence, either the school principal or his designee or the attendance officer shall schedule a conference within ten school days, which must take place no later than the fifteenth school day after the sixth absence. At the conference, the student, his parent, and school personnel, shall meet to resolve issues related to the student's nonattendance. Other community service providers may also be included in the conference.

c. Upon Additional Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support

Upon the next absence after the conference without indication to the attendance officer that the student's parent is aware of and supports the student's absence, the principal or designee shall notify the attendance officer or division superintendent or his/her designee who shall enforce the compulsory attendance rules by either or both of the following: (1) filing a complaint with the juvenile and domestic relations court alleging the student is a child in need of supervision as defined in § 16.1-228 of the Code of Virginia or (2) instituting proceedings against the parent pursuant to § 18.2-371 or § 22.1-262 of the Code of Virginia. In filing a complaint against the student, the attendance officer shall provide written documentation of the efforts already undertaken to resolve the student's absence. If the student's parents have joint physical custody of the student and the school has notice of the custody arrangement, then both parents shall be notified at their last known addresses.

d. Parental Cooperation in Remedying Excessive Unexcused Absences

It is expected that parents will cooperate with the attendance officer and other school officials to remedy the student's attendance problem. Where direct contact with a parent cannot be made, despite reasonable efforts, or where parents otherwise fail to cooperate in remedying the student's attendance problem, the division superintendent or his/her designee may seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school attendance laws. The attendance officer, with the knowledge and approval of the division superintendent, shall institute proceedings against any parent who fails to comply with the requirements of the compulsory attendance laws. Where the complaint arises out of the parent's failure to comply with the requirements of § 22.1-258 of the Code of Virginia, the attendance officer shall document the school division's compliance with this policy.

e. <u>Report for Suspension of Driver's License</u>

In addition to any other actions taken pursuant to this policy, if a student who is under 18 years of age has 10 or more unexcused absences from school on consecutive school days, the principal may notify the juvenile and domestic relations court, which may take action to suspend the student's driver's license.

Student Attendance and Absences

a. <u>Generally</u>

Students shall attend school for a full day unless otherwise excused. Secondary students shall be scheduled for a full school day unless they are enrolled in a cooperative work-study program. All other exceptions to a full-day schedule must be approved on an individual basis by the division superintendent or his/her designee.

b. Excused Absences

Excused absences are absences resulting from conditions beyond the control of the student, the parent or guardian, or the school. The following are acceptable excuses for absences from school: (1) personal illness; (2) personal court appearance; (3) death in the family (including mother, father, spouse, son, daughter, sister, brother, grandparent; aunt, uncle, nephew or niece); (3) religious holidays regularly observed by the student as part of his or her personal religious practice; and (4) extenuating circumstances as approved by the school administration. For personal illness beyond three days, a doctor's note shall be required. School administration, in its discretion, may require documentation of any court appearance. Students are considered present and are marked present on all school records when participating in field trips, athletic events, student government activities, and other functions sanctioned by the school. All other absences (including tardiness and leaving school without permission) are deemed unexcused absences.

Parents and guardians are required to provide a note requesting that the days absent be considered excused absences within five (5) schools days of the last day of school missed. If a note for the day(s) absent is not provided within five (5) school days of the last day of school missed, the period of absences will be considered unexcused. The School Board considers more than fifteen (15) days of excused absences in a semester to be excessive. The division superintendent is directed to establish procedures, directives, and/or administrative guidance regarding students who have accumulated more than fifteen (15) days of excused absences.

c. <u>Religious Holidays</u>

Absence from school because of a religious holiday shall be considered an excused absence. The division superintendent's regulations will include procedures for excusing students who are absent by reason of observance of a religious holiday. Such regulations will ensure that a student is not deprived of any award or of eligibility or opportunity to compete for any award, or of the right to take an alternate test or examination, which he missed by reason of such absence, if the absence is verified in an acceptable manner.

d. <u>Notification of Absences</u>

Students who are absent from school must bring a valid note stating the reason for absence upon returning to school. Unexcused absences shall be handled according to regulations issued by the division superintendent.

e. <u>Unexcused Absences</u>

Students shall not be absent from school without a valid excuse for more than six (6) days (three (3) if on a block schedule) per nine-week period in order to receive academic credit for the grade or subject(s) in which enrolled. Unexcused absences in excess of six (6) (or three (3) if on a block schedule) shall result in failure for the nine-week grading period.

Students shall not be absent from school without a valid excuse for more than ten (10) days (five (5) if on a block schedule) per semester in order to receive academic credit for the grade or subject(s) in which enrolled. Unexcused absences in excess of ten (10) (or five (5) if on a block schedule) shall result in failure for the semester.

The accumulation of absences begins again at the start of the second semester. Absences resulting from short-term or long-term out-of-school suspension shall not be counted as unexcused absences pursuant to this policy.

Provisions for Students Who Exceed the Maximum Number of Unexcused Absences

The following options may be utilized with students who have failed because of attendance prior to the completion of the school year:

- (i) enroll the student in a semester course(s);
- (ii) allow the student to take the equivalent of one semester of summer school if he successfully completes the requirements for credit for one semester (academic and attendance); or

- (iii) develop an alternative education plan which includes: (a) description of the program; (b) maximum number of credits that can be awarded; (c) maximum number of absences; and (d) conduct conditions. The alternative plan must be approved by the principal and the division superintendent or his/her designee. A contract signed by the principal, parent(s) or guardian(s), student and division superintendent or his/her designee shall govern the program.
- (2) Grading Elementary School Students Who Exceed the Maximum Number of Unexcused Absences
 - (i) <u>Report Cards</u>: The actual grade(s) made by the student shall be entered on the report card, however, the portion of the report card designated for the grade assignment shall reflect a repeat of the grade level due to excessive absences.
 - (ii) <u>Permanent Records</u>: The actual grade(s) made by the student shall be entered on the permanent record, however, the portion of the report card designated for the grade assignment shall reflect a repeat of the grade level due to excessive absences.

(3) Grading Middle and High School Students Who Exceed the Maximum Number of Unexcused Absences

- (i) <u>Report Cards</u>: The actual grade(s) made by the student shall be entered on the report card. A credit of "0" shall be recorded. The following statement shall be placed on the report card: "Although grades were recorded, the student is not eligible to receive a unit of credit or any fractional part thereof due to excessive absences."
- (ii) <u>Permanent Records</u>: The actual grade(s) made by the student shall be entered on the permanent record. The course will carry no carnegie unit of credit; a credit of "0" shall be recorded. The course(s) will not be included in the calculation of grade point average. The following statement shall be placed on the permanent record: "Although grades were recorded, the student is not eligible to receive a unit of credit or any fractional part thereof due to excessive absences."
- (iii) <u>Class Rank</u>: The grade(s) earned by a student who does not receive academic credit (a carnegie unit) due to excessive absences shall not be calculated into the grade point average.
- f. <u>Transfer Students</u>

Students who transfer from other school divisions are not penalized for absences prior to the day of enrollment in Richmond Public Schools; however, transfer students may not be absent for more than the pro-rated share of the allowable number of unexcused absences per nine-week period or per semester. When a student transfers from one school to another within the school division, the number of absences is transferred and applied toward the maximum allowable number. City of Richmond residents who enter school late may be required to make up school work/time or to have the days counted toward the maximum allowable number of absences.

g. <u>Make-Up Work</u>

Credit for make-up work will be granted only for absences that are pre-approved in writing, or with a written note from the parent when the student returns to school. Medical documentation may be required at the principal's discretion. Students absent from school due to long-term and short-term suspensions shall be required to make up work missed during the suspension pursuant to School Board policy.

Early Dismissal

No school child shall be permitted to leave school prior to dismissal at the request of or in the company of anyone other than a school employee, a police officer, a court official, or the parent who has custody of the child unless permission of such parent be first secured. Schools shall abide by applicable court orders issued by a court of competent jurisdiction regarding custodial matters.

No student shall be allowed to depart before the appointed hour of closing of school except in cases of sickness or for some pressing emergency and then only with the consent of the principal. Students obtaining permission to leave school during school hours due to sickness shall be required to return a special form properly signed by the parent or legal guardian. All notes of excuse or requests to leave school shall state the reason for such excuse or request. The principal shall judge the validity of all such excuses and requests.

Unexcused Tardies to School or Early Departure from School

The School Board believes that for students to benefit from instruction, the student must be present at the time instruction is scheduled to start and remain in school for the entirety of the school day. Parent/guardians are encouraged to make medical and other appointments outside of school hours.

To this end, for all students, the principal or his/her designee must approve tardies or early dismissals from school. Any five (5) unexcused tardies to school or early dismissals from school will count as the student missing a full instructional day. Tardies to school or early dismissal from school may be considered excused for the same reasons as are listed above for absences.

For the purposes of this policy, the student must be more than thirty (30) minutes late to school, or leave thirty (30) or more minutes early, without an excuse approved by the principal or his/her designee.

If the student accumulates a total of twenty-five (25) unexcused tardies, early dismissals, or a combination thereof in a school year, the School Division will begin school

attendance procedures since the student will have a missed a total of five (5) instructional days.

Students who have excessive unexcused tardies, early dismissals, or a combination thereof and accumulate unexcused absences for full instructional days as set out in this policy may also receive sanctions as outlined in this policy.

Compulsory Summer School Attendance and Remediation Programs

Any student who does not pass the any of the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three, five or eight shall be required to attend a summer school program or to participate in another form of remediation. Any student who passes one or more, but not all of the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three, five and eight may be required to attend a remediation program.

The division superintendent may seek immediate compliance with the compulsory attendance law for any student who is required to attend a special program of prevention, intervention, or remediation during the summer school session or to participate in another form of remediation if the division superintendent determines:

- (1) improvement in the student's poor academic performance, or passage of the Standards of Learning assessment in grades three, five or eight, or promotion is directly related to his attendance in the summer school program or participation in another form of remediation; and
- (2) reasonable efforts to seek the student's attendance in such session have failed (including direct notification of the parents or guardians of the student of the attendance requirement and their inability to secure the student's attendance).

Waiver of Attendance Policy

Under certain conditions, a waiver of these attendance policies may be considered by the division superintendent. The student and his parent(s) or legal guardian(s) may request, and the division superintendent or his/her designee may grant, a waiver for the following reason(s): (1) medical hardship (condition whereby a student could not attend as certified by a licensed physician); (2) extenuating educational circumstances as determined by a committee appointed by the division superintendent or his/her designee or a special education eligibility committee: or (3) circumstances relating to transfer students as approved by a committee appointed by the division superintendent or his/her designee.

The request for a waiver shall be made in writing and may be made at any time during the school year during which an attendance violation occurs or up to the first day of school for students of the next school year. The correspondence shall be directed to the division superintendent or his/her designee and shall include: (a) the total number of student absences; (b) the reason(s) for the absences and (c) the conditions under which a waiver is being sought, e.g. medical hardship, extenuating education circumstances, or circumstances relating to transfer students.

The provisions for the waiver may include submission of missed work as outlined in a contract signed by the student, parent(s) and/or legal guardian(s), committee chairman, and school principal.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§22.1-254, 22.1-258 through 22.1-269, 22.1-279.3, 46.2-323, and 46.2-334.001; 8 VAC 20-110-10 et seq.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Approved June 2, 2014

POLICY 8-2.5 SCHOOL AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENT

Assignment

Student assignments within the school are to be evaluated annually; however, this does not preclude evaluation and reassignment at any time during the school year when it is to the student's advantage. Prior to a reassignment pursuant to this sub-section, a conference shall be held with the student's parent or guardian. The assignment of a student is the responsibility of the principal upon the recommendation of the classroom teacher and other professional staff.

Reassignments

Occasionally, the division superintendent or his/her designee may deem it necessary to reassign students from their zoned schools to other comprehensive or alternative schools for a set period of time in order to maintain a safe and orderly environment and prevent possible future harm to students. A reassignment to another comprehensive school pursuant to this sub-section is administrative in nature and the decision of the division superintendent or his/her designee is <u>final</u>. The reassignment to an alternative school is administrative in nature and the decision of the division superintendent or his/her designee is final unless altered by the School Board, upon timely written petition, as established by regulation, by the student or his/her parent or guardian, for a review of the record by the School Board. The student shall abide by the reassignment determination of the division superintendent or his/her designee unless altered by the School Board based upon a written petition for appeal as previously stated.

During the pending of an appeal of a reassignment to an alternative school, the student must attend the alternative school, unless otherwise required by law. If the student does not attend the alternative school as assigned, the days missed will be counted as unexcused absences and may be referred to the attendance officer.

Classroom Assignment for Twins

A parent of twins or higher order multiples in the same grade level may request that the children be placed in the same classroom or in separate classrooms if they are at the same elementary school. A parent must request the classroom placement no later than three (3) days after the first day of each school year or three (3) days after the first day of attendance of the children during a school year. Schools may recommend classroom placement to the parent.

Schools must provide the placement requested by the children's parent, unless the division superintendent or his designee makes a classroom placement determination following the school principal's request, at the end of the initial grading period, and in consultation with the children's classroom teacher, based upon a determination that the requested classroom placement is disruptive to the school or is harmful to the children's educational progress.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-79.3.F, and 22.1-277.2:1.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-2.6 OPEN ENROLLMENT

The School Board of the City of Richmond supports and encourages families to be active and engaged participates in their neighborhood zoned schools. However, a student may seek to enroll in an out-of-zone school with limited space availability through a process prescribed by procedures developed in accordance with this open enrollment policy by the administration of Richmond Public Schools.

Parents or guardians of dependent children who are full-time employees of Richmond Public Schools seeking enrollment in an out-of-zone school with limited space availability and who are residents of the City of Richmond will be entered into the open enrollment process or, in the case of specialty or alternative programs, enter the prescribed admissions process for that placement.

Subject to the approval of the division superintendent or his/her designee, parents or guardians of dependent children who are full-time employees of Richmond Public Schools and who are not residents of the City of Richmond may enroll their children in Richmond Public Schools on a tuition waived basis, subject to the availability of space, as determined after Richmond Public Schools has met all local, state and federal requirements regarding the enrollment of resident children, including fully exhausting all open enrollment options. This shall not be deemed to include alternative public school programs for which Richmond Public Schools is assessed per pupil tuition. Any children of an employee attending a Richmond Public Schools facility through placement made prior to January 4, 2010 may continue in that placement through the terminal grade offered at that school.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79. Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-2.7 HOME INSTRUCTION

The School Board of the City of Richmond recognizes that when the requirements of Va. Code § 22.1-254.1 are complied with instruction of children by their parents is an acceptable alternative form of education under the policy of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any parent of any child who will have reached the fifth birthday on or before September 30 of any school year and who has not passed the eighteenth birthday may elect to provide home instruction in lieu of school attendance if the parent:

- (1) holds a high school diploma;
- (2) is a teacher of qualifications prescribed by the Board of Education;
- (3) provides a program of study or curriculum which may be delivered through a correspondence course or distance learning program or in any other manner; or
- (4) provides evidence that the parent is able to provide an adequate education for the child.

Definition

For purposes of this policy, "parent" means any parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person having control or charge of a child.

Notification by Parents

Any parent who elects to provide home instruction in lieu of school attendance shall annually notify the division superintendent no later than August 15 of the parent's intention to so instruct the child and provide a description of the curriculum, limited to a list of subjects to be studied during the coming year and evidence of having met one of the criteria for providing home instruction. Any parent who moves into a school division or begins home instruction after the school year has begun shall notify the division superintendent of the parent's intention to provide home instruction as soon as practicable and shall comply with the requirements of this policy within thirty days of such notice. The division superintendent shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the number of students in the school division receiving home instruction.

Evidence of Progress

A parent who elects to provide home instruction to a child who is over the age of six as of September 30 of the school year shall provide the division superintendent by August 1 following the school year in which the child has received home instruction with either (i) evidence that the child has attained a composite score in or above the fourth stanine any nationally normed standardized achievement test or an equivalent_score on the ACT, SAT or PSAT test or (ii) an evaluation or assessment which the division superintendent determines to indicate that the child is achieving an adequate level of educational growth and progress, including but not limited to: (a) an evaluation letter from a person licensed to teach in any state, or a person with a master's degree or higher in an academic discipline, having knowledge of the child's academic progress, stating that the child is achieving an adequate level of educational growth and progress; or (b) a report card or transcript from a community college or college, college distance learning program or home-education correspondence school.

In the event that evidence of progress as required in this subsection is not provided by the parent, the home instruction program for that child may be placed on probation for one year. Parents shall file with the division superintendent evidence of their ability to provide an adequate education for their child and a remediation plan for the probationary year which indicates their program is designed to address any educational deficiency. Upon acceptance of such evidence and plan by the division superintendent, the home instruction may continue for one probationary year. If the remediation plan and evidence are not accepted or the required evidence of progress is not provided by August 1 following the probationary year, home instruction shall cease and the parent shall make other arrangements for the education of the child which comply with Va. Code § 22.1-254.

Immunizations

Any parent, guardian or other person having control or charge of a child being home instructed, exempted or excused from school attendance shall comply with the immunization requirements provided in Va. Code § 32.1-46 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the child has been enrolled in and is attending school.

Upon request by the division superintendent, the parent shall submit to the division superintendent documentary proof of immunization in compliance with Va. Code § 32.1-46.

No proof of immunization shall be required of any child upon submission of (i) an affidavit to the division superintendent stating that the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with the parent's or guardian's religious tenets or practices or (ii) a written certification from a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or local health department that one or more of the required immunizations may be detrimental to the child's health, indicating the specific nature of the medical condition or circumstance that contraindicates immunization.

Notification to Parents

Students receiving home instruction and their parents will be notified of the availability of Advanced Placement (AP) and Preliminary SAT (PSAT) examinations and the availability of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take these examinations. Such notice will be given when the parent notifies the division that the student will receive home instruction.

Disclosure of Information

Neither the superintendent nor the School Board shall disclose to the Department of Education or any other person or entity outside of the local school division information that is provided by a parent or student to satisfy the requirements of this policy or subdivision B 1 of Va. Code § 22.1-254. Nothing in this policy prohibits the superintendent from

notifying the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the number of students in the school division receiving home instruction.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, §§ <u>22.1-1</u>, 22.1-254, 22.1-254.1, 22.1-271.4, 32.1-46, 54.1-2952.2.

Adopted July 13, 2015

SECTION VIII – STUDENTS

ARTICLE III STUDENT CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE

POLICY 8-3.1 STUDENT CONDUCT

Student Rights

Every student has the right to be educated in a safe, respectful and inviting environment and a responsibility not to deny this right to any other student. The school shall protect the rights of students to attend school and participate in all activities of the school. It is the responsibility of the School Board of the City of Richmond and the administration to issue regulations establishing rules of conduct from student behavior in order to protect the health, safety and welfare of its students. It is imperative that each student exercise responsible conduct in accordance with the rules and regulations that have been established by Richmond Public Schools.

General Conduct

Students are expected to maintain positive conduct that is consistent with the following Guiding Principles, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Respect;
- 2. Responsibility;
- 3. Appreciation of differences;
- 4. Honesty;
- 5. Safety; and
- 6. Lifelong learning.

To that end, each school is expected to develop and implement a school-wide Positive Behavior Support and Discipline Plan. The plan will be aligned with the Richmond Public Schools *Standards of Student Conduct*.

Within the plan, conduct issues are to be addressed by implementing proactive strategies to provide positive behavior support. These include defining and teaching behavioral expectations, acknowledging and reinforcing appropriate behavior, developing a continuum of responses for problem behavior and reviewing and analyzing discipline data to evaluate the effectiveness of the plan. When a student ceases to maintain acceptable conduct, the school shall make every effort to support the student in developing improved behavior through conferences and close contact with the student's parent or guardian, and through the use of all available school and community resources.

Profane or Obscene Language or Conduct

Richmond Public Schools' *Standards of Student Conduct* shall prohibit profane or obscene language or conduct.

Enforcement of the Standards of Student Conduct

The division superintendent shall issue Standards of Student Conduct and a list of possible corrective actions for violations of the Standards of Student Conduct. The Standards of Student Conduct are designed to define the basic rules and major expectations of students.

Building administrators are responsible for ensuring that all students, staff members, and parents or guardians are provided the opportunity to become familiar with this policy. Every employee of Richmond Public Schools shall enforce the *Standards of Student Conduct* and shall report all known violations to the appropriate building administrator. All building administrators shall discipline students in a fair and consistent manner that is in accordance with the *Standards of Student Conduct*. Any employee found to be in violation of this policy shall be subject to discipline, up to and including dismissal.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§22.1-279.3 and 22.1-279.6

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.2 ACCEPTABLE COMPUTER SYSTEM USE

The School Board provides a computer system, including the internet, to promote educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation and communication. The term "computer system" includes hardware, software, data, communication lines and devices, terminals, printers, CD-ROM devices, tape decks, servers, mainframe and personal computers, the internet and other internal or external networks.

All use of the school division's computer system must be (1) in support of education and/or research, or (2) for legitimate school business. Use of the computer system is a privilege, not a right. Any communication or material used on the computer system, including electronic mail or other files deleted from a user's account, may be monitored or read by school officials.

The division superintendent shall establish administrative procedures, for the School Board's approval, containing the appropriate uses, ethics and protocol for the computer system.

The procedures shall include:

- 1. A prohibition against use by students of the division's computer equipment and communications services for sending, receiving, viewing or downloading illegal material via the Internet;
- 2. Provisions, including the selection and operation of a technology protection measure for the division's computers having Internet access to filter or block Internet access through such computers, that seek to prevent access to
 - (a) child pornography as set out in Va. Code §18.2-374.1:1 or as defined in 18 U.S.C. §2256;

- (b) obscenity as defined by Va. Code §18.2-372 or 18 U.S.C. § 1460; and
- (c) material that the school division deems to be harmful to juveniles as defined in Va. Code §18.2-390, material that is harmful to minors as defined in 47 U.S.C. §254(h)(7)(G), and material that is otherwise inappropriate for minors;
- 3. Provisions establishing that the technology protection measure is enforced during any use of the Division's computers by minors;
- 4. Provisions establishing that the online activities of minors will be monitored;
- 5. Provisions designed to educate students about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other individuals in and outside of school on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyberbullying awareness and response;
- 6. Provisions designed to prevent unauthorized online access by minors, including "hacking" and other unlawful activities by minors online;
- 7. Provisions prohibiting the unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal information regarding minors; and
- 8. A component of Internet safety for students that is integrated in the division's instructional program.

Use of the school division's computer system shall be consistent with the educational or instructional mission or administrative function of the school division as well as the varied instructional needs, learning styles, abilities and developmental levels of students. The school division's computer system is not a public forum.

Each student and parent or guardian of each student shall sign the Acceptable Computer System Use Agreement, before using the school division's computer system. The failure of any student to follow the terms of the Agreement, this policy or accompanying regulation may result in loss of computer system privileges, disciplinary action, and/or appropriate legal action.

The School Board is not responsible for any information that may be lost, damaged or unavailable when using the computer system or for any information retrieved via the Internet. Furthermore, the School Board will not be responsible for any unauthorized charges or fees resulting from access to the computer system.

The School Board will review, amend if necessary, and approve this policy every two years.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 18 U.S.C. §§ 1460, 2256; 47 U.S.C. § 254; Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 18.2-372, 18.2-374.1:1, 18.2-390, 22.1-70.2, and 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 2, 2014

POLICY 8-3.3 BULLYING AND OTHER THREATENING BEHAVIOR

The School Board of the City of Richmond has zero tolerance for bullying of and kind and manner against or by any student or staff member. Bullying is defined as aggressive and unwanted behavior that is intended to harm, intimidate, or humiliate the victim; involves a real or perceived power imbalance between the aggressor(s) and victim; and is repeated over time or causes severe emotional trauma. Bullying includes cyber bullying during and outside of school hours. Bullying does not include ordinary teasing, horseplay, argument or peer conflict.

All students have the right to be educated in an atmosphere that is free from fear, intimidation and harassment. Bullying, teasing, hazing, or other acts of intimidation, in any form, can have long-term negative effects on the emotional and educational well being of students and are therefore prohibited. Such prohibited conduct includes (in addition to those bullying behaviors described above), but is not limited to, any verbal, written, electronic, physical or mental teasing, or threat of bodily injury or use of force directed toward another person for any reason.

Any student who believes he or she has been the victim of bullying or threatening behavior or any individual witnessing such behavior should report the conduct to the building principal immediately. The consequences for incidents of bullying shall be consistent with those for assault and battery, as described in the Standards of Student Conduct.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised July 15, 2013 Revised/Adopted June 30, 2014

POLICY 8-3.4 DESTRUCTION OR DEFACEMENT OF SCHOOL PROPERTY

When a student has damaged, destroyed, or defaced any school property, including, but not limited to, textbooks, calculators, uniforms, computers, lockers, and any and all other school issued items, the student or his/her parent or guardian shall be required to pay the amount lost thereby in addition to any disciplinary action taken against the student as a result of the damage, destruction or defacement. The principal shall secure estimates to determine the cost of repairs or replacement so that the property is restored to its previous condition and so inform the Office of the Superintendent.

The School Board may institute an action and recover from the parents or either of them of any minor living with such parents or either of them for damages suffered by reason of the willful or malicious destruction of, or damage to, school property by such minor. No more than \$2,500.00 may be recovered from such parents or either of them as a result of any incident or occurrence on which such action is based.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 8.01-43, 18.2-138, 22.1-280.4

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.5 EXCHANGING GIFTS

Exchange of gifts between individual students and teachers or other staff personnel is to be discouraged. Extreme discretion should be used by teachers, however, to avoid instances where a charitable spirit may be damaged or where a student's feelings may be hurt.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.6 STUDENT USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARKING

Student use of private motor vehicles for transportation to and from school is discouraged by the School Board of the City of Richmond. School bus transportation is provided for all students who live beyond a reasonable walking distance or who must walk over a dangerous route to school.

Parking facilities are provided at all high schools as a convenience to those students who must drive to school. Parking on school grounds is a privilege that may be granted by principals to students. The division superintendent is directed to develop regulations to assist principals in enforcing this policy. The regulations should include a method to register such vehicles and monitor student use of vehicles while on school grounds. Principals may revoke the parking privileges of any student who does not comply with the supporting regulations. Student-operated vehicles are subject to be searched pursuant to Policy 8-3.9.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.7 REMOVAL OF STUDENTS FROM CLASS

A teacher shall have the initial authority to remove a student from class for disruptive behavior. Disruptive behavior is defined as a violation of school board regulations governing student conduct that interrupts or obstructs the learning environment.

The School Board of the City of Richmond shall establish, within the regulations governing student conduct the following:

1. Criteria for the removal of a student from class;

- 2. Requirements for incident reports of disruptive behavior to school administrators and any other documentation to support such removal from class;
- 3. Procedures for the written notification to a student and his/her parent or guardian of any incident report and its contents and for the opportunity to meet with the teacher and school administrators to discuss the student's behavior and the possible consequences if such behavior does not cease;
- 4. Guidelines for the alternative assignment and instruction of such student and for the duration of such removal; and
- 5. Procedures for the return of the student to class, for teacher participation in any decision by the principal to return a student to the class from which he/she has been removed, and for the resolution of any disagreements between such principal and teacher regarding such return.

The principal shall ensure that a student removed from class under this policy continues to receive an education in accordance with school board policies.

Application of this policy to a student with a disability shall be consistent with federal and state laws and regulations as well as school board policy regarding students with disabilities.

Teachers are expected to use a variety of classroom management strategies that encourage and reward appropriate behavior and to develop individual behavior intervention plans to address chronic behavior problems. The school division may provide ongoing support and professional development opportunities in these areas. Any teacher whose evaluation indicates deficiencies in the management of student conduct may be required by the division superintendent or his/her designee to attend professional development activities designed to improve classroom management and disciplinary skills.

This policy does not limit or restrict the ability of School Board employees to apply other polices, regulations or laws for maintaining order in the classroom.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-276.2

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.8 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

The use of corporal punishment is prohibited by any School Board employee. For purposes of this section, "corporal punishment" means the infliction of or causing the infliction of physical pain on a student as a means of discipline.

The definitions "corporal punishment" and "abuse or neglect" do not include physical pain, injury or discomfort caused by the use of incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control as permitted in subsection (1) below or the use of reasonable and necessary force as permitted by subsections (2), (3), (4) and (5) below or by participation in practice or competition in an interscholastic sport, or participation in physical education or an extracurricular activity. The above prohibition of corporal punishment shall not be deemed to prevent the following:

- 1. The use of incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control;
- 2. The use of reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a disturbance which threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property;
- 3. The use of reasonable and necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on him/herself;
- 4. The use of reasonable and necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others; or
- 5. The use of reasonable and necessary force to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or paraphernalia which are upon the person of the student or within his/her control.

In determining whether an employee was acting within the exceptions cited above, due deference will be given to reasonable judgments of the employee at the time of the events.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-279.1, 63.2-1511.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.9 SEARCH AND SEIZURE

To maintain order and discipline in the schools and to protect the health, safety and welfare of students and school personnel, school authorities may search a student, student lockers, student desks, or automobiles driven to school by students and/or automobiles parked on school property and may seize any illegal, unauthorized, or contraband materials discovered in the search, consistent with applicable law.

As used in this policy, the term "unauthorized" means any item that: (1) violates the law; (2) is dangerous to the health or safety of students or school personnel; (3) is disruptive of any lawful function, mission or process of the school; or (4) is described as unauthorized in school rules available beforehand to the student.

A student's expectation of privacy and freedom from unreasonable search and seizure must be balanced against the school division's responsibility to protect the health, safety and welfare of all persons within the school community and maintain a safe learning environment for all students. The locations at which searches of students and student property may be conducted are not limited to the school building or school property, but may be conducted wherever the student is involved in a school-sponsored function.

If illegal, unauthorized materials are found during a search, law enforcement officials shall be notified and the relevant Standard(s) of Student Conduct shall be enforced.

Locker Searches

Lockers and other storage facilities made available to students for temporary storage of their personal possessions remain under the joint control of the students and the school administration. The school administration has the right to search lockers, desks, and other storage facilities for unauthorized items. Lockers and other storage facilities are subject to periodic searches for any reason at any time without notice, without student consent, and without a search warrant.

Computer Searches

School computers, software and internet access are school property. Students are only authorized to use school computers and other similar educational technology consistent with the educational mission of the school. School officials may search school computers, software, accessories used with school computers and internet access records at any time for any reason and without student consent.

Personal Searches

The school administration may also search property belonging to students when there is a reasonable basis to believe that the student has violated or is about to violate the law or a school rule and that the search will yield evidence of that violation. Property belonging to a student includes, but is not limited to, items that can be connected to a student, carried by a student, or stored by a student in areas made available to the student by the school, and may include, but is not limited to, backpacks, book bags, handbags, notebooks and books.

The school administration also has the right to search any student's person when there is a reasonable basis to believe that the student is in possession of an unauthorized item. A pat down search of a student may only be conducted if a school administrator has established a high level of reasonable suspicion that evidence will be found to corroborate suspicion that a law or school rule has been broken. If a pat down search of a student's person is conducted, it will be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex and with an adult witness of the same sex present.

Strip searches may be conducted only when an extremely serious situation exists requiring immediate action. Such a search should be used only in the context of imminent threat of death or great bodily injury to any person. A strip search, when warranted, may be conducted only by a sworn law enforcement officer of the same sex as the person to be searched and shall be conducted in the presence of a same-sex witness. The sworn law enforcement officer shall consult with the building principal and the Office of Safety and Security prior to conducting the search. No Richmond Public Schools' employee shall engage in the strip search of any student.

Metal Detectors

Richmond Public Schools' Office of Safety and Security is authorized to use metal detectors to aid in searches in accordance with applicable law and Richmond Public Schools' administrative regulations. Metal detectors may be used when school administrators have individualized suspicion that a student possesses property that threatens the safety of students and school personnel. They may also be used on a random basis to deter the possession of weapons and other illegal and/or dangerous objects.

Canine Searches

Richmond Public Schools' Department of Safety and Security is also authorized to use, in conjunction with the City of Richmond Police Department, canine teams to aid in searches for illegal drugs. All canine searches shall be conducted in accordance with applicable law and Richmond Public Schools' administrative regulations. Canine searches may be conducted when school administrators have individualized suspicion that a student may possess illegal drugs. They may also be conducted on a random basis to deter the possession and/or distribution of illegal drugs.

Surveillance Cameras

Surveillance cameras are in use in school facilities and on school buses to promote safety and to encourage reasonable orderliness in school, on school property, at school functions, and on school buses. Any person entering a school facility, on school property, at a school function, or riding a school bus is subject to be videotaped.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 22.1-279.7.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.10 INTERROGATION AND ARREST

When any law enforcement officer requests to interrogate a student while on school property, the principal or his designee shall be contacted immediately. The principal or his designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent or guardian and have the parent or guardian present for the interrogation. Law enforcement officers shall not be allowed to interrogate a student on school property unless a school representative, the student's parent or guardian or the student's attorney is present. If the parent, guardian or attorney cannot be contacted or cannot be present, the principal or his designee shall be present.

Parental permission is not required when law enforcement officers seek to interview students who are witnesses to or victims of crimes, as long as the law enforcement officer ascertains that the student is capable of and does consent to being interviewed. Student consent is not required when law enforcement has a warrant for the arrest of a student.

Interviewing of students by Child Protective Services investigators relating to incidents of alleged abuse and neglect is governed by Policy 8-5.8 – Child Abuse. Pursuant

to that policy, Child Protective Services investigators shall have access to school facilities for the purpose of conducting confidential interviews in accordance with all laws governing the conduct of such interviews.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.11 IN-SCHOOL DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVES

As provided in the *Standards of Student Conduct*, building administrators may utilize in-school suspension or other in-school disciplinary alternatives as a consequence for a student's disciplinary infraction.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.12 STUDENT SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS

Students may be suspended or expelled from attendance at school for sufficient cause; however, in no case may sufficient cause for suspensions include only instances of truancy or tardiness.

Short-Term Suspensions

A student may be suspended for not more than ten (10) school days by either the school principal, any assistant principal, or, in their absence, any teacher, if such authority is delegated. The principal, assistant principal, or teacher may suspend the student after giving the student oral or written notice of the charges against him/her and, if he/she denies them, an explanation of the facts as known to school personnel and an opportunity to present his/her version of what occurred. In the case of any student whose presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property, or whose presence is an ongoing threat of disruption, the student may be removed from school immediately and the notice, explanation of facts, and opportunity to present his/her version shall be given as soon as is practical thereafter.

Upon suspension of any student, the principal, assistant principal, or teacher responsible for such suspension shall report the facts of the case in writing to the division superintendent or his/her designee and the parent or guardian of the student suspended. The division superintendent or his/her designee shall review forthwith the action taken by the principal, assistant principal, or teacher upon a petition for such review by any party in interest and confirm or disapprove such action based on an examination of the record of the student's behavior. The student shall remain on out-of-school suspension while awaiting the decision of the division superintendent or his/her designee shall be final.

Any oral or written notice to the parent or guardian of a student who is suspended from school attendance for not more than ten (10) days shall include notification of the length of the suspension, information regarding the availability of community-based educational programs, alternative education programs or other educational options, and of the student's right to return to regular school attendance upon the expiration of the suspension. The costs of any community-based educational program, or alternative education program or educational option, which is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division, shall be borne by the parent or guardian of the student.

Students with disabilities will be disciplined according to applicable state and federal law as detailed in the *Standards of Student Conduct*.

Long-Term Suspensions

A student may be suspended from attendance at school for more than ten (10) days after written notice is provided to the student and his/her parent or guardian of the proposed action and the reasons therefore and of the right to a hearing before the division superintendent or his/her designee. The division superintendent or his/her designee shall maintain a record of hearings conducted pursuant to this sub-section. The decision of the division superintendent or his/her designee may be appealed by the student's parent or guardian to the full School Board. Such appeal shall be decided by the School Board, on the preceding record, within thirty (30) days. The student shall remain on out-of-school suspension while awaiting the decision of an appeal to the full School Board.

The written notice of suspension for more than ten (10) days shall include notification of the length of the suspension and shall provide information concerning the availability of community-based educational, alternative education, or intervention programs. Such notice shall also state that the student is eligible to return to regular school attendance upon the expiration of the suspension or to attend an appropriate alternative education program approved by the School Board during or upon the expiration of the suspension. The costs of any community-based educational, alternative education, or intervention program that is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division that the student may attend during his/her suspension shall be borne by the parent or guardian of the student.

Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the School Board from permitting or requiring students suspended pursuant to this subsection to attend an alternative education program provided by the School Board for the term of such suspension.

Students with disabilities will be disciplined according to applicable state and federal law.

Expulsion

A. <u>Generally</u>

Students may be expelled from attendance at school after written notice to the student and his/her parent or guardian of the proposed action and the reasons therefore and

of the right to a hearing before a committee of the School Board. Such committee may confirm or disapprove the expulsion of a student. Any such committee of the School Board shall be composed of at least three (3) members. If the committee's decision is not unanimous, the student or his/her parent or guardian will be notified that they may appeal the committee's decision to the full School Board. The written appeal to the full School Board must be filed with the Clerk of the School Board within five (5) calendar days of the committee's decision. Such appeal shall be decided by the full School Board within thirty (30) calendar days on the preceding record. No additional statements, witnesses or evidence may be presented at this appeal unless requested by the Chair of the School Board. The student shall remain out of school during the pendency of any appeals process. Failure to file a written appeal within the specified time will constitute a waiver of the right to an appeal.

The School Board, or a committee thereof, shall confirm or disapprove a proposed expulsion of a student regardless of whether the student exercised the right to a hearing.

The written notice required by this subsection shall include notification of the length of the expulsion and shall provide information to the parent or guardian of the student concerning the availability of community-based educational, training, and intervention programs. Such notice shall state further whether or not the student is eligible to return to regular school attendance, or to attend an appropriate alternative education program approved by the School Board, or an adult education program offered by the school division, during or upon the expiration of the expulsion, and the terms or conditions of such readmission. The costs of any community-based educational, training, or intervention program that is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division that the student may attend during his/her expulsion shall be borne by the parent or guardian of the student.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the School Board from permitting or requiring students expelled pursuant to this subsection to attend an alternative education program provided by the School Board for the term of such expulsion.

B. <u>Readmission</u>

If the School Board determines that the student is ineligible to return to regular school attendance or to attend during the expulsion an alternative education program or an adult education program in the school division, the written notice shall also advise the parent or guardian of such student that the student may petition the School Board for readmission to be effective one (1) calendar year from the date of his/her expulsion, and of the conditions, if any, under which readmission may be granted.

The School Board shall establish, by regulation, a schedule pursuant to which students may apply and reapply for readmission to school. Such schedule shall be designed to ensure that any initial petition for readmission will be reviewed by the School Board or a committee thereof, or the division superintendent or his/her designee, and, if granted, would enable the student to resume school attendance one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion. If the division superintendent or his/her designee or a committee of the School

Board denies the petition, the student may petition the School Board for a review of such denial on the record.

A student who has been expelled from Richmond Public Schools will be scheduled for a readmission conference with the Readmission Panel no later than forty-five (45) days prior the date that is one (1) calendar year from the date the student was expelled. The readmission conference shall be scheduled by the Hearing Office. The Readmission Panel shall be comprised of the following: the Hearing Officer, the manager of Pupil Personnel Services, and the Coordinator of Compliance.

The names of the students who attend the readmission conference and are recommended for readmission to Richmond Public Schools by the Readmission Panel will be submitted to the School Board Disciplinary Committee for consideration at its next scheduled meeting. If a student has attended the readmission conference and is recommended for readmission, the student **does not** have to appear before the School Board Disciplinary Committee prior to the School Board Disciplinary Committee accepting the recommendation for the student's readmission.

If the student appears for the readmission conference and is not recommended for readmission by the Readmission Panel, the student will be required to appear in front of the School Board Disciplinary Committee. Notice of the date and time the student is to appear in front of the School Board Disciplinary Committee will be sent out by the Clerk of School Board.

If the student fails to appear in front of the Readmission Panel after notice of three (3) scheduled meetings, and the Readmission Panel is unable to determine any information regarding the student from the time the student was expelled until the time the student is considered for readmission, no recommendation will be made by the Readmission Panel. The student's name will be submitted to the School Board Disciplinary Committee with a brief explanation as to why no recommendation has been made regarding the student. The School Board Disciplinary Committee will decide whether to readmit the student in absentia or require the student to appear before the School Board Disciplinary Committee prior to the student's readmission at its next scheduled meeting.

C. <u>Conduct Giving Rise to Expulsion</u>

Recommendations for expulsion for actions other than those for weapon and drug offenses shall be based on consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The nature and seriousness of the violation;
- (2) The degree of danger to the school community;
- (3) The student's disciplinary history, including the seriousness and number of previous infractions;
- (4) The appropriateness and availability of an alternative education placement or program;
- (5) The student's age and grade level;
- (6) The results of any mental health, substance abuse or special education assessments;

- (7) The student's attendance and academic records; and
- (8) Such other matters as school officials deem appropriate.

However, no decision to expel a student shall be reversed on the grounds that such factors were not considered. Nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to preclude a School Board or committee thereof, from considering any of the factors listed above as "special circumstances" for the purposes of expulsions discussed in the following sub-sections.

Students with disabilities will be disciplined according to applicable state and federal law.

Firearms

The School Board shall expel from school attendance for a period of not less than one (1) year any student whom such School Board has determined to have possessed a firearm on school property or at a school-sponsored activity as defined and prohibited by the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 18.2-308.1 and the Standards of Student Conduct. A school administrator, pursuant to School Board policy or the School Board may, however, determine, based on the facts of a particular situation, that special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary action or another term of expulsion is appropriate. The School Board may promulgate guidelines for determining what constitutes special circumstances. In addition, the School Board may, by regulation, authorize the division superintendent or superintendent's designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other than expulsion is appropriate. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to require a student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

Drug Offenses

The School Board shall expel from school attendance any student whom the School Board has determined to have brought a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana as defined by the Code of Virginia § 18.2-247, or synthetic cannabinoids as defined by the Code of Virginia § 18.2-248.1:1 onto school property or to a school-sponsored activity. The School Board may, however may, determine, based on the facts of the particular case that special circumstances exist and another disciplinary action is appropriate. In addition, the School Board may, by regulation, authorize the division superintendent or superintendent's designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other than expulsion is appropriate. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to require a student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

Procedure for School Board Disciplinary Committee Hearing

The procedure for the Disciplinary Committee hearing shall be as follows:

- 1. The Disciplinary Committee shall determine the propriety of attendance at the hearing of persons not having a direct interest in the hearing. The hearing shall be private unless otherwise specified by the School Board.
- 2. The Disciplinary Committee may ask for opening statements from the principal or his/her representative and the student or his/her parent or guardian (or their representative) and, at its sole discretion, may allow closing statements.
- 3. The parties shall present their evidence. The principal shall present his/her evidence first. Witnesses may be questioned by the Disciplinary Committee members and by the parties (or their representatives). The Disciplinary Committee may, at its sole discretion, vary this procedure but shall in all cases afford a full opportunity for both parties to present any material and relevant evidence. The Disciplinary Committee may receive the testimony of student witnesses outside the presence of the student, his/her parent or guardian(s) and their representative if the Disciplinary Committee determines, in its sole discretion, that such action is necessary to protect the student witnesses.
- 4. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply. The Disciplinary Committee shall be the judge of the relevancy and materiality of all evidence.
- 5. Exhibits offered by the parties may be received in evidence by the Disciplinary Committee and, when so received, shall be made part of the record.
- 6. The Disciplinary Committee may, by majority vote, uphold, reject or alter the disciplinary recommendation.
- 7. The Disciplinary Committee shall transmit its decision, including the reasons therefor, to the student, his/her parent or guardian, the principal and the division superintendent or his/her designee.
- 8. If the decision of the Disciplinary Committee is not unanimous, the student and his/her parent or guardian have the right to request an appeal to the full School Board. The appeal to the full School Board must be in writing and must be filed with the School Board Clerk within five (5) calendar days of the Disciplinary Committee's decision. Failure to file a written appeal within the specified time will constitute a waiver of the right to appeal. Within thirty (30) calendar days of the request for appeal, the School Board shall review the matter on the preceding record and may, by majority vote, uphold, reject or alter the decision of the Discipline Committee. The School Board shall transmit its decision, including the reasons therefore, to the student, his/her parent or guardian, the principal and the division superintendent or his/her designee.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-277, 22.1-277.04, 22.1-277.05, 22.1-277.06.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted July 15, 2013

POLICY 8-3.13 COMPLETION OF ACADEMIC ASSIGNMENTS BY SUSPENDED STUDENTS

Any student who is suspended from school, whether short-term or long-term, shall receive and complete all academic assignments (class work and homework) during the period of the suspension and submit the completed work to his or her classroom teacher(s) upon his or her return to school. In addition, the suspended student, upon his or her return, shall be administered all quizzes and/or tests given in his or her absence. A student's failure to complete academic assignments or to take quizzes or tests as required shall be addressed in accordance with the classroom policy regarding incomplete assignments.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.14 REASSIGNMENT OF CERTAIN STUDENTS

Any student who commits an assault and/or battery on a teacher or other school employee shall be recommended for expulsion from Richmond Public Schools. A student found to have committed assault and/or battery on a teacher or other school employee (if and when such student is permitted to return to school following his/her suspension or expulsion) may be assigned to a school other than the one to which his/her victim is assigned.

It is not mandatory that a child be reassigned if:

- 1. The assault or battery on a staff member is a manifestation of the child's disability;
- 2. If the child has attended more than two (2) schools due to disciplinary administrative placements in the current school year;
- 3. If a staff member that was the victim of assault or battery is subsequently reassigned to the school to which the student was previously reassigned; or
- 4. The superintendent or his designee determines it is in the student's best interest to remain in his current school assignment.

If the student's conduct is determined to be a transient threat as defined by the *Standards of Student Conduct* by the superintendent or his designee, the child will not be moved.

The division superintendent is directed to establish guidelines through the Family and Community Engagement Office, or any other office deemed appropriate, to assist students with the transition to their new schools.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, § 22.1-78. Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 30, 2014

POLICY 8-3.15 EXCLUSION

A student who has been expelled or suspended for more than thirty (30) days from attendance at school by a school board or a private school in the Commonwealth of Virginia or in another state, or for whom admission has been withdrawn by a private school in this Commonwealth or in another state may be excluded from attendance by the School Board, regardless of whether such student has been admitted to another school division or private school in this Commonwealth or in another state subsequent to such expulsion, suspension, or withdrawal of admission. Such a student may be excluded after (i) written notice to the student and his/her parent or guardian that the student may be subject to exclusion, including the reasons therefore, and notice of the opportunity for the student and his/her parent or guardian to participate in a hearing to be conducted by the division superintendent or his/her designee regarding such exclusion; and (ii) a hearing of the case has been conducted by the division superintendent or his/her designee and the decision has been made to exclude the student from attendance. The decision of the division superintendent or his/her designee to exclude shall be final unless altered by the School Board, upon written petition to the School Board, within ten (10) school days following the decision, for a review of the record.

In the case of a suspension of more than thirty (30) days, the term of the exclusion may not exceed the duration of such suspension. In excluding any such expelled student from school attendance, the School Board may accept or waive any or all of any conditions for readmission imposed upon such student by the expelling school board pursuant to Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-277.06. The School Board shall not impose additional conditions for readmission to school. The School Board may permit or require excluded students to attend the alternative education program for the term of such exclusion.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-277.2.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-3.16 TRANSFER OF STUDENTS

A student may, upon written request of the student's parent or guardian (or the student himself if an emancipated minor) and upon receipt by the division superintendent or his or her designee of substantiated evidence of having been a victim of a crime or bullying, be transferred to another comparable school in the school division, if available, if the student has been the victim of any crime against the person pursuant to Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 of the Code of Virginia, which was committed by: (1) another student attending classes in the school; (2) by any employee of the School Board; or (3) by any volunteer, contract worker or other person who regularly performs services in the school; or if the crime was committed upon school property or on any school bus owned or operated by the school division. Transportation for the transferred student shall be provided in accordance with the School Board policies.

"Victim" means any student who has been the victim of a crime against the person pursuant to Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 of the Code of Virginia and who has suffered physical, psychological, or economic harm as a direct result of the commission of such crime.

Any student who has been accused of a crime against, and/or bullying another student, and against whom there is substantiated evidence of such a crime and/or bullying, may be reassigned to another comprehensive school in addition to any disciplinary action that may also be imposed by the School Division. Substantiated evidence of a crime and/or bullying includes, but is not limited to, documented complaints from the victim to school staff and/or administration regarding incidents between the student engaging in the crime and/or bullying and the student who has been the victim of the crime and/or bullying; criminal charges filed against the student accused of a crime and/or bullying by the student and/or the parents of the student who has been the victim of the crime and/or bullying; and/or a criminal conviction of the student accused of committing the crime or, if the student is accused of bullying, a criminal conviction for assault and/or battery of the student who has been the victim of the student who has been the victim of battery of the student

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-3.3.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 30, 2014

POLICY 8-3.17 TOBACCO-FREE SCHOOL FOR STUDENTS

Smoking is prohibited at all times and under all circumstances in all Richmond Public School buildings as provided in federal, state and local law. Each principal shall post signs stating "No Smoking" as applicable within each school building. The supervisor of transportation shall post signs visible upon entering each school bus stating "No Smoking."

Smoking, chewing, or any other use of any tobacco products by students, is prohibited on School Board property as defined in this policy.

For purposes of this policy, the following definitions shall apply:

- a. "School Board property" shall mean all property owned, leased, rented, or otherwise used by a school including, but not limited to, all interior portions of any building or structure used for instruction, administration, support services, maintenance or storage, as well as outdoor bleachers; and all vehicles used by Richmond Public Schools for transporting students, staff, visitors, or other persons.
- b. "Tobacco" shall include cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, chewing tobacco and all other kinds and forms of tobacco prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing, smoking, or both. "Tobacco" shall include cloves or any other product packaged for smoking.
- c. "Smoking" means the carrying or holding of any lighted pipe, cigar, or cigarette of any kind, or any other lighted smoking equipment, or the

lighting, inhaling, or exhaling or smoke from a pipe, cigar, or cigarette of any kind.

This policy shall be published in student handbooks and posted on bulletin boards. Students found to be in violation of this policy shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the *Standards of Student Conduct*.

Electronic Cigarettes

Students are prohibited from possessing electronic cigarettes on school buses, on school premises and at school-sponsored activities.

LEGAL REFERENCE: 20 U.S.C. § 6083, 7183. Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 15.2-2820, 15.2-2824, 15.2-2825, 15.2-2827, 22.1-79.5, 22.1-279.6.

Adopted June 16, 2014

SECTION VIII – STUDENTS

ARTICLE IV STUDENT ACTIVITIES

POLICY 8-4.1 CLUBS AND STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Student Organizations (Secondary Schools)

It is the policy of the School Board of the City of Richmond to permit the organization and operation of student organizations in the middle and high schools and to permit such organizations to meet on school premises during non-instructional time. The purpose of this policy is to establish criteria and procedures governing the operation of student organizations.

Curriculum-Related Student Organizations

Curriculum-related student organizations serve as an extension of the regular school curriculum. Their function is to enhance the participants' educational experience and supplement the course materials within the educational program of the schools. The activities of these organizations should bear a clear relationship to the regular curriculum. Student organizations meeting these criteria and approved by the principal shall be deemed to be officially recognized, school-sponsored student organizations.

Non-Curriculum-Related Organizations

Secondary school students are also permitted to organize and conduct meetings of non-curriculum-related organizations to pursue activities outside of the school curriculum, subject to the provisions of this policy. Non-curriculum related student groups are defined as those whose primary purpose is to foster student interest in political, religious, community service or recreational activities. Such organizations must be student-initiated and directed, and school personnel, parents and any other persons who are not students enrolled in the school division are prohibited from directing, controlling, conducting or regularly attending the meetings of such organizations unless approved by the principal in advance, except that the faculty sponsor(s)/supervisor(s) must attend all meetings.

Non-curriculum-related student organizations that are student-initiated shall not be deemed to be school-sponsored or endorsed. Participation of students is voluntary and is neither encouraged nor discouraged by the school. The fact that such organizations are permitted to conduct meetings under this policy shall not constitute an expression of school division support for the purposes of such organizations or the content of any meetings thereof.

Membership

Membership in all student organizations shall be open to and limited to all students currently enrolled in the sponsoring school on a voluntary basis. This limitation does not apply to those students who are enrolled in specialty schools and who may elect to participate in student organizations or activities within their zone school. These student organizations may establish academic qualifications for membership where necessarily related to the purposes of the organization. No student shall be denied membership on account of his or her race, color, national origin, religion, or disability. Qualifications based on sex may be imposed only when based on competitive athletic skill or where the activity involved is a contact sport.

Faculty Supervision

Curriculum-related student organizations shall be sponsored and supervised by one (1) or more of the members of the school faculty and approved by the principal. Faculty sponsors shall participate in the supervision and direction of all activities of the organization and shall attend all meetings.

Non-curriculum-related student organizations that are student-initiated shall not have a faculty sponsor. However, a member of the school's professional staff shall attend every meeting or activity of such organizations in a non-participatory capacity for purposes of general supervision. The organization shall be responsible to assure the presence of a staff member for its meetings.

No school employee shall be compelled to attend a meeting of any student organization if the content of such meeting is contrary to the beliefs of that school employee. School employees present at any meeting of a non-curriculum-related student organization, which includes religious worship, prayer or practice or is identified as having a religious purpose, shall attend in a non-participatory capacity only. Schools may require that students seeking to form a student organization first obtain a faculty member willing to supervise meetings.

Meetings of Student Organizations

All student organizations shall have the right to meet on school premises during non-instructional time as designated by the school principal. No student organization shall be denied equal access to school facilities during designated meeting times on the basis of the religious, political, philosophical or other content of the speech at the meetings of such organization. No public funding or support shall be extended to any non-curriculum-related student organization other than the opportunity to meet on school premises on an equal basis as other student organizations.

The principal of each school shall develop guidelines and rules concerning the procedure for scheduling meetings of student organizations and setting the times and facilities which are available for such meetings. Meeting times shall be limited to non-instructional time before or after regular classroom hours or during established activities periods. These guidelines and rules shall be made available to all students. Student organizations wishing to conduct meetings under this policy must make application to the principal for permission in accordance with division procedures. Groups that are denied permission to use school facilities under this policy by a principal may appeal the principal's decision to the division superintendent.

Compliance with Law and Policies

Student organizations shall not engage in any activity which is contrary to law, division policy or school rules; which disrupts or clearly threatens to disrupt the orderly operation of the school; or which would adversely affect the health, safety or welfare of any students or staff members. Failure to comply with these provisions shall be grounds for disciplinary action. In addition, any organization found in violation of this policy shall be denied continued use of school facilities.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§22.1-70, 22.1-78; <u>Virginia</u> <u>Board of Education Rules Governing Accreditation of Public Schools in Virginia</u>, 8 VAC 20-131-200, et seq.; 20 USC §§ 7071, et seq., <u>Equal Access Act</u>; <u>Title IX</u>, <u>Education</u> <u>Amendments of 1972</u>, 34 C.F.R. Parts 101 and 106.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.2 INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS

The School Board of the City of Richmond endorses membership by its high schools in the Virginia High School League, Inc. (VHSL). The School Board approves of a broad program of interscholastic athletics for students eligible under the VHSL rules, subject to the additional academic and student conduct requirements set forth below for students participating in VHSL interscholastic athletic competition.

To be eligible to participate in the school athletic program, a student must be a bona fide student in good standing of the school he/she represents. A student's academic and behavioral performance is considered in determining whether that student is in good standing in their home school. For a student to be deemed to be in good standing they must meet the following academic and student conduct criteria:

Academic Requirements

For each semester, the student shall be enrolled in no fewer than five subjects, or their equivalent, offered for credit and which may be used for graduation. Beginning July 1, 2014, students shall meet the following academic requirements to be eligible for participation in VHSL activities:

Rising 9th Graders: All rising 9th graders who otherwise meet the qualifications for participation in VHSL activities will be deemed eligible to participate in VHSL activities for the upcoming school year.

Rising 10th, 11th and

12th Graders: All rising 10th, 11th, and 12th graders who otherwise meet the qualifications for participation in VHSL activities will be deemed eligible to participate in VHSL activities for the first semester of the upcoming school year if: (1) the student's cumulative grade point average at the conclusion of the

preceding school year is 2.0 or greater; or (2) the student's most recent semester grade point average was 2.0 or greater.

For eligibility in subsequent semesters, students must achieve: (1) a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or greater for the preceding school year; or (2) a semester grade point average of 2.0 or greater for the preceding semester to retain eligibility.

Student Conduct Requirements

Eligible students must abide by the Standards of Student Conduct. Any student who is found to be in chronic violation of the Standards of Student Conduct or any additional rules and regulations of the school shall no longer be deemed to be in good standing and may be immediately ruled ineligible for participation in VSHL activities.

Daily attendance is an important part of student success. All student athletes must be in attendance at school at least one half of the school day (by 10:30 a.m.) in order to participate in events or practice. Any exception must be approved by the school principal or designee. In addition to other infractions, a student may be suspended or removed from a team for unexcused absences or chronic tardiness to classes or team practices.

A student may not participate in athletic activities when he/she is serving an inschool or out-of-school suspension. The student becomes eligible to participate on the next school day following the suspension.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised December 3, 2012 Revised February 3, 2014

POLICY 8-4.3 SPORTSMANSHIP, ETHICS AND INTEGRITY

The School Board of the City of Richmond recognizes the value of extracurricular activities in the educational process and the values that students develop when they have the opportunity to participate in an organized activity outside of the traditional classroom.

Participants and responsible adults involved in School Board approved extracurricular activities are expected to demonstrate the same level of responsibility and behavior at practice and competitions as is expected in the classroom. The School Board further encourages the development and promotion of sportsmanship, ethics and integrity in all phases of the educational process and in all segments of the community, including administrators, participants, adult supervisors, parents, fans, spirit groups and support/booster groups.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-201, 22.1-208, and 22.1-253.13:1. Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.4 STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Definition of Official School Publications

School-sponsored student publications are an integral part of the learning experience and the instruction program. Official school publications such as newspapers, yearbooks, and literary magazines may be prepared in regularly scheduled classes and are components of the curriculum approved by the School Board. Students may participate in the preparation of official school publications with faculty supervision. These publications are not intended to provide a public forum for students or the general public.

Official school publications shall not include material that:

- 1. is obscene, defamatory, or an invasion of privacy;
- 2. is reasonably foreseeable to lead to the substantial disruption of school activities or to endanger the health or safety of students or staff;
- 3. advocates the commission of an unlawful act or the violation of a lawful school policy or regulation;
- 4. advertises or advocates illegal products or services; or
- 5. advocates prejudice, hatred, violence, or harassment on the basis of race, religion, national origin, ancestry or disability.

While students and faculty may participate in the preparation of official school publications, the school principal is responsible for approving all publications in accordance with School Board policy and his/her judgment and discretion prior to dissemination.

The unauthorized sale or distribution of non-school-sponsored publications will not be permitted on school property at any time.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.5 STUDENT REPRESENTATIVES TO SCHOOL BOARD

The School Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Administration, adopt procedures for the appointment of student representatives to the School Board. Except as provided in this policy, the student representative may fully participate in School Board meetings, to include participation in the public comment period. The student representatives shall be selected from among the students enrolled in Richmond Public Schools. The student representatives shall serve in a nonvoting advisory capacity, on a rotating basis, for a term of one month.

The student representatives to the School Board shall not be construed as members of the School Board for any purpose, including, but not limited to, establishing a quorum or making any official decision. The School Board shall exclude the student representatives from closed or executive sessions of the School Board held pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-86.1. Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.6 FUND RAISING AND SOLICITATION

Fund Raising

All fund-raising activities conducted for the benefit of Richmond Public Schools must provide an educational benefit to students and must not interfere with the instructional program. All fund-raising activities conducted by school-sponsored organizations or clubs must be approved in advance by the principal. Fund raising refers to the raising of non-appropriated funds by students, parents, or others for the educational benefit of students and their schools.

Students may participate in fund-raising activities provided such activities are approved in writing and carefully monitored and regulated by the school principal or a designee. Elementary school students may not participate in door-to-door solicitation. Students will not be excused from class to participate in fund-raising activities. No grade will be affected by a student's participation, or lack of participation, in a fund-raising activity.

Each principal shall develop and maintain a list of all approved fund raising activities and report all activities to the division superintendent pursuant to procedures issued by the division superintendent.

Solicitation

Teachers shall take no collections in the schools for any purpose except those for individual class projects.

The sale to students of articles or any kind or tickets for any program except those given by the schools, shall be prohibited in and around schools except where, in the opinion of the division superintendent, an educational purpose will be served.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.7 CONTESTS, AWARDS AND PRIZES

Contests or other activities involving participation by pupils or the granting of awards or prizes to pupils, which are sponsored by agencies outside of the schools, shall not be announced, promoted, or permitted within the schools unless approved by the division superintendent. The division superintendent shall approve only such contests or other activities as will be of educational value to the participating pupils, and he/she shall not approve any activity being promoted for purely commercial purposes. Questions regarding the interpretation of this policy should be referred to the division superintendent.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78. Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.8 PUBLIC PERFORMANCES

School bands, orchestras, glee clubs, and choruses shall make public appearances only in the following instances:

- 1. at functions that are part of the school program whether held in the school building or elsewhere;
- 2. at community functions organized in the interests of the schools;
- 3. on educational broadcasts designed to acquaint the public with the work of the schools;
- 4. at educational meetings or conferences; or
- 5. at benefit performances where professional musicians would likewise donate their services

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-4.9 GRADUATION ACTIVITIES

Graduation activities, including senior convocation and commencement, shall be organized by the school division and are limited to graduating high school seniors. Said activities shall not be permitted for middle schools or below.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

SECTION VIII – STUDENTS

ARTICLE V STUDENT HEALTH AND WELFARE

POLICY 8-5.1 WELLNESS POLICY

The School Board of the City of Richmond is committed to the health, safety and well-being of its students. The School Board recognizes that the mental and physical wellbeing of its students is vital to all students' academic and social progress. To that end, the division superintendent is directed to develop procedures to (1) promote positive and healthy self-images for students; (2) assist in the identification of students who require additional support to re-gain and/or maintain healthy self-images; (3) communicate with parents or guardians of students identified under this policy and (4) identify division-wide and community resources available to support students identified under this policy.

In addition to the procedures required under this policy, the School Board hereby adopts the Richmond Public Schools' Local Wellness Policy as it appears in Appendix K.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Public Law 108-265; 7 C.F.R. 210 and 220; Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78: Virginia Administrative Code 8 VAC 20-580-10 et. seq.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-5.2 SCHOOL ASTHMA MANAGEMENT PLAN

Asthma is a common chronic childhood illness and a major cause of student absences from school. Students with poorly controlled asthma may have greater difficulty with school work and a higher incidence of grade failure. Asthma attacks (acute episodes of symptoms) can be serious and life-threatening for students who experience them. Public school officials can help students control their asthma by helping them follow individualized asthma action plans, by minimizing students' exposure to allergens and other irritants, and by responding appropriately to students' asthma episodes. These efforts will support the academic performance and improve the health status of asthmatic students.

Each school shall prepare, adopt, and implement a comprehensive plan for the management and education of students and staff that suffer from asthmatic attacks. This plan shall be based on current research and best practices. The plan shall be developed in partnership with families, health care providers and community agencies and implemented within the context of a coordinated school health program and shall include the following provisions:

1. Asthma awareness education for students shall be integrated into health education, science, and physical education curricula at appropriate levels.

- 2. Employees at each school shall participate in professional development sessions that include basic information about asthma, asthma management practices, and emergency response procedures.
- 3. Procedures shall be established to identify students with significant asthma morbidity¹, that is, students whose health, education, or quality of life are negatively impacted by their asthma.
- 4. Procedures shall be established to systematically identify and minimize other asthma triggers (respiratory allergens and irritants) in school buildings and on school grounds.
- 5. Procedures shall be established to proactively seek out those students who may suffer from asthma that is connected to indoor air quality.
- 6. Procedures shall be established to develop an integrated pest management (IPM) program to reduce sources of food, water, and shelter for pests in and around school buildings with procedural guidelines for pesticide application and for notification of parents/guardians and building occupants prior to the application.
- 7. Procedures shall be established to submit annual progress reports and recommendations for program improvements to the Superintendent and the School Board.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.3 STUDENT CONCUSSION POLICY

The School Board of the City of Richmond is concerned about the short-term and long-term effects on students who suffer concussions.

Student-Athlete Concussions during Extracurricular Activities

The School Board desires the safe return to activity for all student-athletes participating in extracurricular physical activities following an injury, but particularly after a concussion. The goal of this policy is to ensure (i) that coaches, school staff, volunteers, student-athletes, and their parents or guardian are aware of the short-term and long term effects of concussions; (ii) that concussed student-athletes are identified, removed from play immediately, and referred appropriately; and (iii) that concussed student-athletes are returned to play only after receiving appropriate medical care, given adequate time to heal, and are symptom free.

¹ "Morbidity" is defined as "the rate of incidence of a disease."

For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions will apply:

- (i) Concussion: a brain injury that is characterized by an onset of impairment of cognitive and/or physical functioning, and is caused by a blow to the head, face or neck, or a blow to the body that causes a sudden jarring of the head (i.e., a helmet to the head, being knocked to the ground). A concussion can occur with or without a loss of consciousness, and proper management is essential to the immediate safety and long-term future of the injured individual;
- (ii) Licensed Health Care Provider: a physician, physician assistant, osteopath or athletic trainer licensed by the Virginia Board of Medicine; a neuropsychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology; or a nurse practitioner licensed by the Virginia State Board of Nursing; and
- (iii) Return to Play: to participate in a non-medically supervised practice, game, or athletic competition.
- A. Concussion Management Team

The division superintendent is directed to develop procedures to implement this policy to include the creation of a Concussion Management Team (CMT) which shall be comprised of at a minimum, a school administrator, an athletic administrator, a licensed heath care provider, a coach, a parent or guardian of a student-athlete, and a student athlete.

The CMT shall be responsible for the development of concussion training materials for school personnel, volunteers, student-athletes and parent of student-athletes. The CMT shall also develop concussion reporting, management and review protocols for the school division. The CMT shall maintain a record of all incidents where a student-athlete has been removed from a game, competition or practice because he or she has been suspected of sustaining a concussion. The CMT will meet at least once per semester to review this policy and related procedures.

B. Required Concussion Training for School Personnel and Volunteers

Every coach, assistant coach, school staff, adult volunteer, or other person serving in a coaching or advisory role over student-athletes during games, competitions or practices shall receive training in the signs and symptoms of sports-related concussions, strategies to reduce the risk of concussions, how to seek proper medical treatment for concussions and the process by which a concussed student-athlete may safely return to practice or competition. Each school and the CMT shall maintain a written record of the names and dates of completion for all persons completing the school's concussion training.

Each school shall ensure that no person is allowed to coach or advise a studentathlete in any practice, game, or competition who has not completed the school's concussion training within the previous twelve months.

C. Distribution of Training Materials for Student-Athletes and Parent/Guardian

Prior to participating in any extracurricular physical activity, each student-athlete and the student-athlete's parent or guardian shall receive concussion training materials developed by the CMT and sign a statement acknowledging receipt of such information. The concussion training materials shall describe the short-and long-term health effects of concussions.

The signed statements acknowledging the receipt of concussion training materials shall be valid for one calendar year and will satisfy the concussion training requirements for all of a student-athlete's extracurricular physical activities for a calendar year.

D. Removal from Extracurricular Physical Activities

A student-athlete suspected by a student-athlete's coach, athletic trainer, or team physician of sustaining a concussion or brain injury in a practice, game, or competition shall be removed from the activity immediately, evaluated and, if necessary, referred for further treatment. A student-athlete who has been removed from play, evaluated, and suspected to have sustained a concussion shall not return to play that same day.

In determining whether a student-athlete removed from play is suspected of having sustained a concussion, an appropriate licensed health care provider or other properly trained individual, shall evaluate the student-athlete at the time of removal utilizing a standardized concussion sideline assessment instrument (e.g., Sideline Concussion Assessment Tool (SCAT-II), the Standardized Assessment of Concussion (SAC), or the Balance Error Scoring System (BESS)).

The determination of whether a student-athlete removed from play is suspected of having sustained a concussion shall be the sole determination of the licensed health care provider or other properly trained individual conducting the concussion sideline assessment. Such determination is final and may not be overruled by another licensed health care provider or other properly trained individual, coach, assistant coach, school staff, or other person serving in a coaching or advisory role, the student-athlete or the parent or guardian of the student-athlete.

The coach of a student-athlete may elect not to return the student-athlete to play, even if after the concussion sideline assessment it is determined that the student-athlete is no longer suspected of having sustained a concussion.

E. Return To Play Protocol

No student-athlete shall be allowed to return to extracurricular physical activities, which includes the student-athlete's practices, games or competitions, until the student presents a written medical release from the student-athlete's licensed health care provider. The written medical release shall certify that (i) the provider is aware of the current medical guidance on concussion evaluation and management; (ii) the student-athlete no longer exhibits signs symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion at rest or with exertion; and (iii) that the student-athlete has successfully completed a progressive return to sports participation program. The length of progressive return to sports participation program shall be determined by the student-athlete's licensed health care provider but shall last a minimum of five calendar days.

The coach of a student-athlete may elect not to allow a student-athlete to return to extracurricular physical activities, even after the production of written medical release from the student-athlete's licensed health care provider, if the coach observes signs and symptoms of sports-related concussions. If the student-athlete's coach makes such a decision, the coach shall communicate the observations and concerns to the student-athlete's parent or guardian within one day of the decision not to allow such student-athlete to return to extracurricular physical activities.

F. Return to Learn Protocol

School personnel shall be alert to cognitive and academic issues that may be experienced by a student-athlete who has suffered a concussion or other head injury, including (i) difficulty with concentration, organization, and long-term and short-term memory; (ii) sensitivity to bright lights and sounds; and (iii) short-term problems with speech and language, reasoning, planning, and problem solving.

School personnel shall accommodate the gradual return to full participation in academic activities by a student-athlete who has suffered a concussion or other head injury as appropriate, based on the recommendation of the student-athlete's licensed health care provider as to the appropriate amount of time that such student-athlete needs to be away from the classroom.

G. Helmet Replacement and Reconditioning

All helmets used in school physical activities must conform to the National Operations Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment (NOCSAE) and certified as conforming by the manufacturer at the time of purchase. Reconditioned helmets that have been purchased must be recertified as conforming to the NOCSAE by the reconditioner.

Non-Student Athlete Concussions

The division superintendent is directed to develop procedures to ensure (1) that the school nursing staff is trained to identify the signs and symptoms of concussions for non-student athletes and to render such medical treatment as necessary; (2) that students who sustain a concussion whether on or off school premises return to school with the necessary medical clearance; and (3) that students who have returned following a concussion are appropriately integrated back into instruction.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-217.5; Virginia Board of Education Guidelines for Policies on Concussions in Student-Athletes (Adopted Jan. 13, 2011). Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 16, 2014

POLICY 8-5.4 ADMINISTERING MEDICATION

A. <u>General</u>

All medicines should be administered to students at home by their parents if at all possible. Administration of medication at school will be done only in accordance with this policy. Any student who fails to follow this policy or whose parents fail to follow this policy will be excluded from school until compliance is obtained. The principal shall determine whether or not there is compliance with the provisions of this policy.

B. <u>Prescription and Nonprescription Medication</u>

Except as otherwise permitted in this policy, if a student must take prescription and nonprescription medication at school, the medication may be administered by the school nurse, the principal, or the principal's designee in accordance with the provisions of this policy:

- 1. The parent must provide the principal with the medication and written instructions from the physician to include:
 - a) student's name;
 - b) name and purpose of medication;
 - c) dosage and time of administration;
 - d) possible side effects and measures to be taken if side effects occur; and
 - e) termination date for administering the medication
- 2. With the exception of school administrative personnel and persons employed by school boards who have the specific duty to deliver health related services, no licensed instructional employee, instructional aide, or clerical employee shall be disciplined, placed on probation or dismissed on the basis of his or her refusal to perform nonemergency health-related services for students. However, instructional aides and clerical employees may not refuse to dispense oral medications. "Health-related services" means those activities which, when performed in a health care facility, must be delivered or under the supervision of a licensed or certified professional.

C. <u>Emergency Lifesaving Measures</u>

- 1. The parent of any student who has a condition that would require emergency, lifesaving medication or other measures must inform the principal of the condition and provide instructions from the attending physician on measures to be taken, including administering any medication. These instructions should cover measures to be taken while the student may be on a school bus or other times when medication is not immediately available.
- 2. In school buildings with an instructional and administrative staff of ten or more, at least two employees shall have current training or have received

training in the past two years in emergency first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and if one or more students attending such school has been diagnosed with diabetes, at least two employees shall have been trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon. In school buildings with an instructional and administrative staff of fewer than ten, at least one employee shall have current training or shall have received training the past two years in emergency first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and if one or more students attending such school has been diagnosed with diabetes, at least one employee has been trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon. "Employee" includes any person employed by a local health department who is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the local health department and the school board. When a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant is present, no employee who is not a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant shall assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon. Prescriber authorization and parental consent shall be obtained by any employee who is not a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant to assist with the administration of insulin and administer glucagon.

D. <u>Safekeeping of Medication</u>

Except as provided in Sections E and F below, all medication must be kept by the school nurse or the principal in a secure, locked place known by and accessible to any person who may have to administer lifesaving medication.

E. Self-Care and Self-Administration of Medication

Each enrolled student who is diagnosed with diabetes, with parental consent and written approval from the prescriber, is permitted to:

- 1. carry with him and use supplies, including a reasonable and appropriate shortterm supply of carbohydrates, an insulin pump and equipment for immediate treatment of high and low blood glucose levels; and
- 2. self-check his own blood glucose levels on school buses, on school property and at school-sponsored activities.

Students may be permitted to carry and self-administer other medications when the following conditions are met:

- 1. written parental permission for self-administration of specified non-prescription medicine is on file with the school;
- 2. the non-prescription medicine is in the original container and appropriately labeled with the manufacturer's directions;
- 3. the student's name is affixed to the container; and
- 4. the student possesses on the amount of the non-prescription medicine needed for one school day or activity.

F. <u>Possession and Self-Administration of Inhaled Asthma and Anaphylaxis</u> <u>Medications</u>

- 1. Students diagnosed with asthma, anaphylaxis or both may possess and selfadminister inhaled asthma medications and/or auto-injectable epinephrine during the school day, at school-sponsored activities or while on the school bus or other school property, provided that:
- a. The parent, legal guardian or custodian, or other person having control or charge of the student gives written consent for self-medication; and
- b. the student's primary care provider or medical specialist, or a licensed physician or licensed nurse practitioner must provide written notice that identifies the student, states that the student has been diagnosed with asthma and/or anaphylaxis, gives approval for the student to self-administer inhaled asthma medications and/or auto-injectable epinephrine that have been prescribed for the student, indicates the name and dosage of the medication and the frequency in which it is to be administered (including any circumstances which warrant its use, such as before exercising or engaging in physical activity), and attests to the student's demonstrated ability to self-administer inhaled asthma medications and/or auto-injectable epinephrine.
- 2. The school division shall develop an individualized health care plan, including emergency procedures for any life-threatening conditions, for each student who self-administers inhaled asthma and/or anaphylaxis medications.
- 3. The school division shall consult with the student's parent, legal guardian or custodian, or other person having control or charge of the student before imposing any restrictions upon the student's self-administration of inhaled asthma and/or anaphylaxis medications, and before permission to possess and self-administer such medications is revoked.
- 4. Permission to possess and self-administer inhaled asthma and/or anaphylaxis medications shall be effective for one year (365 calendar days) and shall be renewed annually.
- 5. Self-administration of inhaled asthma and/or anaphylaxis medications shall be consistent with the purposes of the Virginia School Health Guidelines and the Guidelines for Specialized Health Care Procedure Manuals.
- 6. A school principal or other employee of the School Board who, in good faith, without compensation, and in the absence of gross negligence or willful misconduct, supervises the self-administration of inhaled asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine by a student pursuant to this policy, shall not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the supervision of self-administration of inhaled asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine by such student. Further, no

principal or school board employee shall be liable for any civil damages for injuries or deaths resulting from the misuse of auto-injectable epinephrine.

For the purposes of this section, "employee" shall include any person employed by a local health department who is assigned to a public school pursuant to an agreement between a local health department and the School Board.

G. <u>First Aid</u>

School personnel may administer first aid, but only in accordance with the standing orders of School Health Services.

H. <u>Medication Recommendations by School Personnel</u>

School personnel shall not recommend the use of psychotropic medications for any student. "Psychotropic medications" are those medications the prescribed intention of which is to alter mental activity or state, including, but not limited to, antipsychotic, antidepressant, and anxiolytic medication and behavior-altering medication. Nothing in this policy shall prohibit school health staff, classroom teachers or other school professionals from recommending that a student be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner, or prohibit school personnel from consulting with such practitioner, with the written consent of the student's parent.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-274, 22.1-274.2 and 22.1-274.3.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 16, 2014

POLICY 8-5.5 ANAPHYLAXIS POLICY (SCHOOL ADMINISTERED)

The School Board of the City of Richmond adopts the following policy and procedures regarding the possession and use of auto-injectable epinephrine by school personnel.

It is the policy of Richmond Public Schools to provide at least two (2) doses of autoinjectable epinephrine (hereinafter called 'unassigned or stock epinephrine') in each school, to be administered by a school nurse or employee of the school board who is authorized and trained in the administration of epinephrine to any student believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction on school premises, during the academic day. The *Code of Virginia* (§8.01-225) provides civil protection for employees of a school board who are appropriately trained to administer epinephrine.

Policy Limitations

Parents of students with known life threatening allergies and/or anaphylaxis should provide the school with written instructions from the students' health care provider for handling anaphylaxis and all necessary medications for implementing the student specific order on an annual basis. This anaphylaxis policy is not intended to replace student specific orders or parent provided individual medications. This policy <u>does not</u> extend to activities off school grounds (including transportation to and from school, field trips, etc.) or outside of the academic day (sporting events, extra-curricular activities, etc.).

Overview

Anaphylaxis is a severe systemic allergic reaction from exposure to allergens that is rapid in onset and can cause death. Common allergens include animal dander, fish, latex, milk, shellfish, tree nuts, eggs, insect venom, medications, peanuts, soy, and wheat. A severe allergic reaction usually occurs quickly; death has been reported to occur within minutes. An anaphylactic reaction can occur up to one to two hours after exposure to the allergen.

Symptoms of Anaphylaxis

- Shortness of breath or tightness of chest; difficulty in or absence of breathing
- Sneezing, wheezing or coughing
- Difficulty swallowing
- Swelling of lips, eyes, face, tongue, throat or elsewhere
- Low blood pressure, dizziness and/or fainting
- Heart beat complaints: rapid or decreased
- Blueness around lips, inside lips, eyelids
- Sweating and anxiety
- Itching, with or without hives; raised red rash in any area of the body
- Skin flushing or color becomes pale
- Hoarseness
- Sense of impending disaster or approaching death
- Loss of bowel or bladder control
- Nausea, abdominal pain, vomiting and diarrhea
- Burning sensation, especially face or chest
- Loss of consciousness

Although anaphylactic reactions typically result in multiple symptoms, reactions may vary. A single symptom may indicate anaphylaxis. Epinephrine should be administered promptly at the first sign of anaphylaxis. It is safer to administer epinephrine than to delay treatment for anaphylaxis.

Training

Building level administration shall be responsible for identifying at least two employees, in addition to the school nurse (RN or LPN), to be trained in the administration of epinephrine by auto-injector. Only trained personnel should administer epinephrine to a student believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction. Training shall be conducted in accordance with the most current edition of the Virginia Department of Education's <u>Manual</u> for <u>Training Public School Employees in the Administration of Medication</u>. Training shall be conducted annually or more often as needed.

Standing Orders

Standing orders are written to cover multiple people as opposed to individualspecific orders, which are written for one person. Richmond Public Schools shall designate an authorized medical provider (MD, DO, PA, or NP with prescriptive authority) to prescribe non-student specific epinephrine for the school division, to be administered to any student believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction on school grounds, during the academic day. Standing orders must be renewed annually and with any change in prescriber.

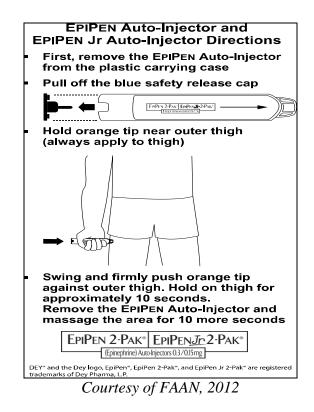
Responding to Anaphylaxis

If student-specific orders are on file they should be followed for students with known life threatening allergies and/or anaphylaxis.

For suspected anaphylaxis without specific orders:

- 1. Based on symptoms, determine that an anaphylactic reaction is occurring.
- 2. Act quickly. It is safer to give epinephrine than to delay treatment. This is a life and death decision.
- 3. Determine the proper dose and administer epinephrine. Note the time.
- 4. Direct someone to call 911 and request medical assistance. Advise the 911 operator that anaphylaxis is suspected and that epinephrine has been given.
- 5. Stay with the person until emergency medical services (EMS) arrives.
- 6. Monitor their airway and breathing.
- 7. Reassure and calm person as needed.
- 8. Call School Nurse/Front Office school personnel and advise of situation.
- 9. Direct someone to call parent/guardian
- 10. If symptoms continue and EMS is not on the scene, administer a second dose of epinephrine 5 to 15 minutes after the initial injection. Note the time.
- 11. Administer CPR if needed.
- 12. EMS to transport individual to the emergency room. Document individual's name, date, and time the epinephrine was administered on the used epinephrine auto-injector and give to EMS to accompany individual to the emergency room.
- 13. Even if symptoms subside, 911 must still respond and individual must be evaluated by a physician. A delayed or secondary reaction may occur.

- 14. Document the incident and complete the incident report.
- 15. Replace epinephrine stock medication as appropriate.



Post Event Actions

- Once epinephrine is administered, local Emergency Medical Services (911) shall be activated and the student transported to the emergency room for follow care. In some reactions, the symptoms go away, only to return one to three hours later. This is called a "biphasic reaction." Often these second-phase symptoms occur in the respiratory tract and may be more severe than the first-phase symptoms. Therefore, follow up care with a health care provider is necessary. The student will not be allowed to remain at school or return to school on the day epinephrine is administered.
- Document the event
- Complete incident report
- Replace epinephrine stock medication immediately

Storage, Access and Maintenance

Epinephrine should be stored in a safe, unlocked and accessible location, in a dark place at room temperature (between 59-86 degrees F). Epinephrine should <u>not</u> be maintained in a locked cabinet or behind locked doors. Staff should be made aware of the

storage location in each school. It should be protected from exposure to heat, cold or freezing temperatures. Exposure to sunlight will hasten deterioration of epinephrine more rapidly than exposure to room temperatures. The expiration date of epinephrine solutions should be periodically checked; the drug should be replaced if it is approaching the expiration date. The contents should periodically be inspected through the clear window of the auto-injector. The solution should be clear; if it is discolored or contains solid particles, replace the unit.

Each school should maintain documentation that stock epinephrine has been checked on a monthly basis to ensure proper storage, expiration date, and medication stability.

The school division shall maintain a sufficient number of extra doses of epinephrine for replacement of used or expired school stock on the day it is used or discarded. Expired auto-injectors or those with discolored solution or solid particles should not be used. Discard them in a sharps container.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-274.2.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.6 COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

The School Board of the City of Richmond recognizes the importance of protecting its students and employees from the transmission of communicable diseases which present a threat to their health and safety, while also protecting the legitimate interests and rights of students with communicable diseases. In carrying out this responsibility, the Board directs the division superintendent to act in compliance with applicable law to exclude from school attendance any student who has a communicable disease. Both the decision to remove the student and the decision to readmit the student shall be made by the superintendent based upon consultation with the local health department, the student's physician, nurse practitioner, and/or other medical authorities.

The identity of a student who has a communicable disease will be kept confidential and will be revealed only in accordance with state law. An alternative educational program should be made available to any student whose removal pursuant to this policy is expected to result in a prolonged absence from school or where otherwise required by law.

Administrative procedures concerning the exclusion of employees and students with communicable diseases will be consistent with the requirements of law, including the policies of the Virginia Department of Education, and should reflect current medical knowledge and research.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-271.3, 22.1-272, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-45.2, 54.1-2957.02.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.7 BLOOD BORNE CONTAGIOUS OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES

School Attendance

The attendance at school of students who suffer from blood borne diseases which are infectious or contagious, such as AIDS and Hepatitis B, and which may be transmitted by the exchange of body secretions, shall be determined by the superintendent on a case-bycase basis. The division superintendent shall obtain the advice of the local department of health to assist him/her in making his/her determination. The student may be excluded from school and school-related functions pending the division superintendent's decision. The division superintendent shall issue regulations setting forth the procedures to be followed to effectuate this policy.

The identity of a student who has tested positive for human immunodeficiency virus shall be confidential in accordance with state law.

An alternative educational program shall be made available to any student whose removal pursuant to this policy is expected to result in a prolonged absence from school or where otherwise required by law.

The School Board shall adopt guidelines for school attendance for children with human immunodeficiency virus. Such guidelines shall be consistent with the model guidelines for such school attendance developed by the Board of Education.

Possible Exposure to Viral Infections

Upon notification by a School Board employee who believes he/she has been involved in a possible exposure-prone incident which may have exposed the employee to the blood or body fluids of a student, the division superintendent shall contact the local health director who, upon immediate investigation of the incident, shall determine if a potentially harmful exposure has occurred and make recommendations based upon all information available to him/her, regarding how the employee can reduce any risks from such exposure.

The division superintendent shall share these recommendations with the School Board employee.

The division superintendent and the School Board employee shall not divulge any information provided by the local health director regarding the student involved except as described below. The information provided by the local health director shall be subject to any applicable confidentiality requirements set forth in Va. Code § 32.1-35.

Whenever any School Board employee is directly exposed to body fluids of any person in a manner which may, according to the current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the School Board employee who was exposed. If the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor, the parent, guardian or person standing in loco parentis of such minor shall be notified prior to initiating such testing. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the School Board employee to inform the person of this provision prior to the contact that creates a risk of such exposure.

If the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor, and that minor refuses to provide such specimen, consent for obtaining such specimen shall be obtained from the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of such minor prior to initiating such testing. If the parent or guardian or person standing in loco parentis withholds such consent, or is not reasonably available, the person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district court in the county or city where the minor resides or resided or, in the case of a nonresident, the county or city where the School Board has its principal office, for an order requiring the minor to provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this policy.

Whenever any person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a School Board employee in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the School Board employee whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The School Board employee shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

Except if the person to be tested is a minor, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing refuses to provide such specimen, any person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the general district court of the county or city in which the person whose specimen is sought resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the county or city where the School Board has its principal office, for an order requiring the person to provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section. At any hearing before the court, the person whose specimen is sought or his counsel may appear. The court shall be advised by the State Health Commissioner or his designee prior to entering any testing order. If a testing order is issued, both the petitioner and the person from whom the blood specimen is sought shall receive counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results by a licensed practitioner or trained counselor.

Training

Training in the use of universal precautions for handling blood shall be conducted periodically in accordance with state and federal law. Universal precautions for handling blood shall be implemented within the school setting and on buses in accordance with state and federal law and guidelines.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-271.3, 22.1-272, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-45.2, 54.1-2957.02.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted July 13, 2015

POLICY 8-5.8 CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT REPORTING

Reporting Requirement

Every employee who, in his professional or official capacity, has reason to suspect that a child is an abused or neglected child, in compliance with the Code of Virginia § 63.2-1509 et seq. shall immediately report the matter to:

- (i) the local department of social services where the child resides or where the abuse or neglect is believed to have occurred;
- (ii) to the Virginia Department of Social Services' toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline; or
- (iii) to the person in charge of the school or department, or his designee, who shall make the report forthwith to the local or state agency. The person making the report to the local or state agency must notify the person making the initial report when the report of suspected abuse or neglect is made to the local or state agency, and of the name of the individual receiving the report, and must forward any communication resulting from the report, including any information about any actions taken regarding the report, to the person who made the initial report.

Notice of Reporting Requirement

The School Board shall post in each school a notice that:

- (i) any teacher or other person employed there who has reason to suspect that a child is an abused or neglected child, including any child who may be abandoned, is required to report such suspected cases of child abuse or neglect to local or state social services agencies or the person in charge of the relevant school or his designee; and
- (ii) all persons required to report cases of suspected child abuse or neglect are immune from civil or criminal liability or administrative penalty or sanction

on account of such reports unless such person has acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose. The notice shall also include the Virginia Department of Social Services' toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline.

Complaints of Abuse and Neglect

The School Board and the local department of social services shall adopt a written interagency agreement as a protocol for investigating child abuse and neglect reports, including reports of sexual abuse of a student. The interagency agreement will be based on recommended procedures for conducting investigations developed by the Departments of Education and Social Services.

LEGAL REFERENCE: United States Code, Title 20, Section 1232(g) et seq.; Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-253.13:7, 22.1-291.3, 63.2-1509, and 63.2-1511.

Adopted September 4, 2012 Revised/Adopted June 16, 2014

POLICY 8-5.9 SUICIDE PREVENTION

Any licensed administrative or instructional personnel employed by the school board who, in the scope of his or her employment, has reason to believe, as a result of direct communication from a student, that such student is imminent risk of suicide, shall, as soon as practicable, contact at least one of the student's parents to determine whether the parent is aware of the student's mental state and whether the parent wishes to obtain or has already obtained counseling for the student. If, however, the student indicates that the reason for being at imminent risk of suicide relates to parental abuse or neglect, contact shall instead by made with the local department of social services or the State Department of Social Services child abuse and neglect hotline, stressing the need to take immediate action to protect the student from harm.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-272.1.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.10 PROTECTIVE EYE DEVICES

In accordance with Section 22.1-275 of the Code of Virginia, industrial quality eye protective devices shall be purchased by the school division and worn by all teachers, pupils, and visitors in those areas where required by law and such other areas as may be deemed dangerous by the superintendent.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22.1-275.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.11 INDIGENT STUDENTS

Every effort shall be made to offer the best school service to indigent children. To this end the principals and teachers should, upon recommendation of the school nurse or attendance worker, avail themselves of such resources as exist for the welfare of needy pupils. Among the organizations that they may contact are parent-teacher associations, council of parent-teacher associations, family service society, department of public welfare, various civic clubs, and local churches.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §22-78.

Adopted September 4, 2012

POLICY 8-5.12 LACTATION SUPPORT - STUDENTS

The superintendent shall designate a non-restroom location in each school as an area in which any mother who is enrolled as a student in the division may take breaks of reasonable length during the school day to express milk to feed her child until the child reaches the age of one. The area must be shielded from public view.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.6.

Adopted June 16, 2014

APPENDIX I

STUDENT DISCRIMINATION/HARASSMENT COMPLAINT FORM

Name of Complainant:
Home Address:
Parent/Guardian's Name:
Home Phone:
Date(s) of Alleged Incident(s):
Where did the incident(s) occur?
Name(s) of Person(s) you believe discriminated against or harassed you or another person:
If someone other than you was discriminated against or harassed, identify the other person(s):
Describe the incident as clearly as possible, including such things as what force, if any was used, any verbal statements

(i.e. threats, requests, demands, etc.), what if any physical contact was involved. Attach additional pages if necessary.

List any witnesses who were present:		
This complaint is based on my honest discriminated against or harassed me	belief that	has
or another person.		
I hereby certify that the information complete to the best of my knowledge	-	led in this complaint is true, correct and
Received by:		Signature of Complainant
Signature	Date:	
Title:		
Date:		

APPENDIX J

RICHMOND PUBLIC SCHOOLS STUDENT SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY SUMMARY

Every Richmond Public Schools student has the right to feel respected and safe. Consequently, the School Board wants students to know about its policy to prevent and address incidents of sexual harassment of students.

Richmond Public Schools prohibits any form of sexual harassment. It shall be a violation of this policy for any student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel of Richmond Public Schools to harass a student through conduct or communication of a sexual nature while on school property, going to and from school, waiting for the school bus at designated bus stops, on the school bus, or participating in or attending school-sponsored or school-related activities, such as field trips, conferences or athletic events.

Sexual harassment may include:

- unwelcome sexual advances or pressure for sexual activity
- touching, patting, grabbing or pinching another person's intimate parts, whether that person is of the same sex or the opposite sex
- coercing, forcing or attempting to coerce or force the touching of anyone's intimate parts, sexual intercourse or a sexual act on another
- unwelcome behavior or words directed at an individual because of gender
- unwelcome verbal harassment or abuse
- sexual graffiti, notes or cartoons
- sexual gestures
- sexual or dirty jokes
- spreading rumors about or rating other students as to sexual activity or performance
- other unwelcome sexual behavior or words, including demands for sexual favors, when accompanied by implied or overt threats or implied or overt promises of preferential treatment
- Violent sexual acts
- unwelcome verbal harassment or abuse, threats of physical harm, or assaults directed at an individual because of sexual orientation.

If any words or actions make a student feel uncomfortable or fearful, the student needs to tell a teacher, counselor, the principal or the Superintendent. The student should also make a written report and give it to a teacher, counselor, the principal or the Superintendent. The student's privacy will be respected as much as possible.

We take seriously all reports of sexual harassment and will take all appropriate action to investigate such claims, to eliminate the harassment, and to discipline any persons found to have engaged in such conduct.

Richmond Public Schools will also take action if anyone tries to intimidate you or take action to harm you because you made a report.

This is a summary of Richmond Public Schools' policy against sexual harassment of students. A complete copy of the policy is available from your principal or from Richmond Public Schools' Administrative Offices, 301 North 9th Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219, upon request.

SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS AGAINST THE LAW.

<u>Contact</u>: Chief Academic Officer and/or Chief of Staff, Richmond Public Schools, 301 North 9th Street, Richmond, Virginia Telephone: (804) 780-7704

Virginia Council on Human Rights, 900 E. Main Street, Pocahontas Building, 4th Floor, P.O. Box 717, Richmond, Virginia 23206 Telephone: (804) 225-2292

United States Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, Customer Service Team, Mary E. Switzer Building, 330 C Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20202 Telephone: (800) 421-3481 APPENDIX K



RICHMOND PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCAL WELLNESS POLICY

Richmond City School Board Revised 2015

Richmond Public Schools School District Wellness Policies on Physical Activity and Nutrition

Richmond Public Schools recognizes that childhood overweight and obesity rates have nearly tripled in the past thirty years and continue to rise. Poor eating habits and increased sedentary activities have contributed to this trend. There are numerous emotional and health consequences of being overweight. Schools are in a strong position to impact children's nutritional and physical activity habits and reduce the proliferation of childhood obesity. Nutrition and physical activities are essential for students to achieve their full academic and physical potential.

The goals and purposes of this policy are to:

- 1. Provide a framework for schools to make positive changes that will increase and develop a framework for wellness.
- 2. Offer recommendations and provide guidelines, at the district level, that will strengthen school nutrition and physical activity programs in Richmond Public Schools.
- 3. Address the issues that underlie the soaring rates of overweight children and adolescents in our district.
- 4. Provide our students with healthier food and beverage options and increase opportunities for physical activities.

Committee Members

Charlene Rodgers----- Coordinator, Nursing Services Jacki Quinlan -----Sports Backers Susan Roberson-----Director, School Nutrition Services Kim Lavach --- Parent Stefanie Ramsey-----Instructional Specialist, Health & Physical Education Galey Saley ---School Health Coord. RCHD Elizabeth Theriault----Chronic Disease and food access specialist, RCHD Danny Avula, M. D.-----Deputy Director, RCHD Denise Heer -----Richmond City Natasha Coleman---Parent Employee Wellness Coordinator Mary Dunne Stewart -----Fit4kids.org Nellie Bradley-----Fit4kids.org Abigail Johnson -----Chronic Disease Specialist, RCHD Jill Diefenbach -----Teacher, Swansboro Elementary Cordell Watkins-----Teacher, Holton Elementary

Preamble

Whereas, children need access to healthful foods and opportunities to be physically active in order to grow, learn, and thrive;

Whereas, good health fosters student attendance and education;

Whereas, obesity rates have doubled in children and tripled in adolescents over the last two decades, and physical inactivity and excessive calorie intake are the predominant causes of obesity;

Whereas, heart disease, cancer, stroke, and diabetes are responsible for two-thirds of deaths in the United States, and major risk factors for those diseases, including unhealthy eating habits, physical inactivity, and obesity, often are established in childhood;

Whereas, a limited number of children (2 to 19 years) eat a healthy diet consistent with the five main recommendations from the <u>www.choosemyplate.gov</u> website;

Whereas, nationally, the items most commonly sold from school vending machines, school stores, and snack bars include low-nutrition foods and beverages, such as soda, sports drinks, imitation fruit juices, chips, candy, cookies, and snack cakes;

Whereas, community participation is essential to the development and implementation of successful school wellness policies;

Thus, Richmond Public Schools is committed to providing school environments that promote and protect children's health, well-being, and ability to learn by supporting healthy eating and physical activity. To further that commitment, RPS has set the following goals regarding student health and wellness to maximize student achievement:

The school district will engage students, parents, teachers, food service professionals, health professionals, and other interested community members in developing, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing district-wide nutrition and physical activity policies.

All students in grades K-12 will have opportunities, support, and encouragement to be physically active on a regular basis.

Foods and beverages sold or served at school, including in vending machines, will meet the nutrition recommendations of the U.S. *Dietary Guidelines for Americans*.

Qualified child nutrition professionals will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious, and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe, and pleasant settings and scheduled time for students to sit and eat. To the maximum extent practicable, all schools in our district will participate in available federal school meal programs including but not limited to the School Breakfast Program, National School Lunch Program, and the Summer Food Service Program. Schools will provide nutrition education and physical education to foster lifelong habits of healthy eating and physical activity, and will establish linkages between health education and school meal programs, and with related community services.

TO ACHIEVE THESE POLICY GOALS:

I. District Wellness Committee and School Health Council

A. The District will convene a representative district wellness committee (here to referred to as the DWC) that meets at least four times per year to establish goals and oversee school health and safety policies and programs, including development, implementation, and periodic review and update of this district-level wellness policy (heretofore referred as "wellness policy").

The DWC membership will represent all school levels (elementary and secondary schools) and include (to the extent possible), but not be limited to: parents and caregivers; students, representatives of the school nutrition program (ex., school nutrition director),physical education teachers, health education teachers, school health professionals (ex., health education teachers, school health services staff [i.e., nurses, physicians, dentists, health educators, and other allied health personnel who provide school health services], and mental health and social services staff [i.e., school counselors, psychologists, social workers, or psychiatrists], school administrators (ex., superintendent, principal, vice principal), school board members; health professionals (ex., dietitians, doctors, nurses, dentists), and members of the general public. To the extent possible, the DWC will include representatives from each school building and reflect the diversity of the community.

B. School Health Councils. Individual schools within the district will create, strengthen, or work within existing school health councils to develop, reasonably implement, monitor, review, and, as necessary, revise school nutrition and physical activity policies. The councils also will serve as resources to school sites for implementing those policies. (A school health council consists of a group of individuals representing the school and community, and should include parents, students, and representatives of the school food authority, members of the school board, school administrators, teachers, health professionals, and members of the public.)

II. Nutritional Quality of Foods and Beverages Sold and Served on Campus

Richmond Public Schools is committed to serving healthy meals to children, with plenty of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and fat-free and low-fat milk that are moderate in sodium, low in saturated fat, and contain zero grams trans- fat per serving (nutrition label or manufacturer's specification). The meals aim to meet the nutrition needs of school children within their calorie requirements. The school meal programs aim to improve the

diet and health of school children, help mitigate childhood obesity, model healthy eating to support the development of lifelong healthy eating patterns, and support healthy choices while accommodating cultural food preferences and special dietary needs.

School Meals. All schools within the District participate in USDA child nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) and the School Breakfast Program (SBP). The district also operates additional nutrition-related programs and activities including *Farm to School programs, school gardens, Breakfast in the Classroom, Mobile Breakfast carts, Grab 'n' Go Breakfast, Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program (FFVP),Summer Food Service Program (SFSP), and the Community Eligibility Program.*

All schools within the district are committed to offering school meals through the NSLP and SBP programs, and other applicable Federal child nutrition programs, that adhere to the following nutritional guidelines:

Food Components	Grade K - 5	Grade 6 – 8	Grade 9 - 12
Milk	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)
Meat or Meat Alternates -Weekly minimum	8 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	9 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	10 oz equivalent/week (2 oz daily minimum)
Vegetables (total) -Weekly minimum	3 ³ /4 cups/week (³ /4 cup daily minimum)	3 ³ /4 cups/week (³ /4 cup daily minimum)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily minimum)
Dark Green (broccoli, collard greens)	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk
Red / Orange (carrots, sweet potatoes)	³ ⁄ ₄ cup/wk	³ ⁄ ₄ cup/wk	1¼ cup/wk
Legumes (kidney beans, lentils)	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ /2 cup/wk
Starchy (corn, white potatoes)	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk
Other (onions, cucumbers)	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	¹ / ₂ cup/wk	³ / ₄ cup/wk
Fruits -Weekly minimum	2 ¹ / ₂ cups/week (¹ / ₂ cup daily minimum)	2 ¹ / ₂ cups/week (¹ / ₂ cup daily minimum)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily minimum)
Grains / Breads -Weekly minimum All whole grain beginning School Year 2014-2015	8 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	8 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	10 oz equivalent/week (2 oz daily minimum)

NSLP Nutritional Guidelines for Grades K-12. Examples have been added by DWC.

Minimum –	550 - 650	600 - 700	750 - 850
Maximum Calories			
(kcal)			
-Weekly average			
Saturated Fat (%	<10%	<10%	<10%
of total calories)			
-Weekly average			
Sodium**	≤1230 mg*	≤1360 mg*	≤1420 mg*
-Weekly average	-	_	_
Trans Fat	0 grams / serving	0 grams / serving	0 grams / serving
	0	0	0 0

SBP Nutritional Guidelines for Grades K-12.

Food Components	Grade K - 5	Grade 6 – 8	Grade 9 - 12	
roou components	Grade IX - 5		01auc 7 - 12	
Milk	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)	5 cups/week (1 cup daily)	
Meat or Meat Alternates None required but may substitute 1 oz equivalent of meat /meat alternate for 1 oz equivalent grains after minimum daily grain is met				
Vegetables May be substituted for fruits, but the first 2 cups/week must be from a subgroup other than starchy (dark green, red/orange, legumes, other)				
Fruits	5 cups/week* (1 cup daily minimum)	5 cups/week* (1 cup daily minimum)	5 cups/week* (1 cup daily minimum)	
Grains / Breads -minimum -At least half whole grain beginning School Year 2013-14 -All whole grain beginning School Year 2014-2015	7 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	8 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	9 oz equivalent/week (1 oz daily minimum)	
Minimum – Maximum Calories (kcal) Weekly average	350 - 500	400 - 550	450 - 600	
Saturated Fat (% of total calories) Weekly average	<10%	<10%	<10%	

Sodium** Weekly average	\leq 540 mg*	$\leq 600 \text{ mg}^*$	\leq 640 mg*
Trans Fat	0 grams/serving	0 grams/serving	0 grams/serving
*Effective School Year 201 School Year 2017-18 and S			

Per the NSLP guidelines, RPS commits to the following:

A. Meals served through the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs will:

be appealing and attractive to children; be served in clean and pleasant settings;

meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by local, state, and federal statutes and regulations;

offer a variety of fruits and vegetables;²

serve only low-fat (1%) and fat-free milk³ and nutritionally-equivalent non- dairy alternatives (to be defined by USDA); and

ensure that half of the served grains are whole grain.

Schools should engage students and parents, through taste-tests of new entrees and surveys, in selecting foods sold through the school meal programs in order to identify new, healthful, and appealing food choices. In addition, schools should share information about the nutritional content of meals with parents and students. Such information could be made available on menus, a website, on cafeteria menu boards, placards, or other point-of-purchase materials.

B. **<u>Breakfast</u>**. To ensure that all children have breakfast, in order to meet their nutritional needs and enhance their ability to learn: Schools will, to the extent possible, operate the School Breakfast Program.

Schools will, to the extent possible, arrange bus schedules and utilize methods to serve school breakfasts that encourage participation, including serving breakfast in the classroom, "grab-and-go" breakfast, or breakfast during morning break or recess.

Schools that serve breakfast to students will notify parents and students of the availability of the School Breakfast Program.

C. <u>Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) Program</u>. Schools will make every effort to eliminate any social stigma attached to free and reduced-priced meals. Toward this end, the district will operate the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) Program. All students currently enrolled in any Richmond Public School are eligible to receive a healthy breakfast and lunch at no charge. Students will be required to pay cash for additional items.

D. Meal Times and Scheduling. Schools:

will provide students with scheduled time to eat after sitting down for breakfast and lunch;

should not schedule tutoring, club, or organizational meetings or activities during mealtimes, unless students may eat lunch or breakfast during such activities;

will schedule lunch periods to follow recess periods in elementary schools;

will provide students access to hand washing or hand sanitizing before they eat meals or snacks.

- E. <u>Water</u>. To promote hydration, free, safe, unflavored drinking water will be available to all students throughout the school day and throughout every school campus. The district will make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes. All water sources and containers will be maintained on a regular basis to ensure good hygiene standards. Such sources and containers may include drinking fountains, water jugs, hydration stations, water jets, and other methods for delivering drinking water.
- F. <u>Oualifications of School Food Service Staff</u>. Qualified nutrition professionals will administer the school meal programs. As part of the school district's responsibility to operate a food service program, we will provide continuing professional development for all nutrition professionals in schools. Staff development programs should include appropriate certification and/or training programs for child nutrition directors, school

nutrition managers, and cafeteria workers, according to their levels of responsibility.⁶

- G. <u>Sharing of Foods and Beverages</u>. Schools should discourage students from sharing their foods or beverages with one another during meal or snack times, given concerns about allergies and other restrictions on some children's diets.
 - A notice of this policy will be shared with parents at the beginning of each school year. It will also be posted on the School Division's website under School Nutrition Services.

⁶ School nutrition staff development programs are available through the USDA, School Nutrition

Association, and National Food Service Management Institute.

H. <u>USDA Smart Snacks in Schools (Effective July 1, 2014).</u> The District is committed to ensuring that all foods and beverages available to studentsduring the school day support healthy eating. To support healthy food choices and improve student health and well-

being, all foods and beverages outside the reimbursable school meal programs that are <u>sold</u> to students on the school campus during the school day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards These standards will apply in all locations and through all services where foods and beverages are sold, which may include, but are not limited to, a la carte options in cafeterias, vending machines, school stores, and snack or food carts.

Smart Snacks aim to improve student health and well-being, increase consumption of healthful foods during the school day, and create an environment that reinforces the development of healthy eating habits. A summary of the USDA Smart Snack Guidelines is outlined below:

Smart Snack Guidelines.

Nutrition Standards for Foods (per item as packaged or served)

Any food sold on the school campus, during the school day must:

- Be a whole grain-rich grain product; or
- Have as the first ingredient a fruit, vegetable, dairy product, or protein food; or
- Be a combination food that contains at least ¹/₄ cup fruit and/or vegetable; or
- Contain 10% of the Daily Value (DV) of a nutrient of public health concern in the 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Americans (calcium, potassium, vitamin D, or dietary fiber).*

* Effective July 1, 2016, foods may not qualify using the 10% DV criteria.

Foods must also meet all of the specific nutrient standards (with accompaniments):

Calorie limits

Entrée items: ≤ 350 calories Snack/side items: ≤ 200 calories

Sodium limits

Entrée items: $\leq 480 \text{ mg}$ Snack/side items: $\leq 230 \text{ mg}^{**}$

Fat limits

Total fat: \leq 35% of total calories

 Exemptions: Reduced fat cheese (including part skim mozzarella), nuts and seeds and nut/seed butters, dried fruit with nuts and/or seeds with no added nutritive sweeteners or fats, seafood with no added fat

Saturated fat: < 10% of total calories

- Exemptions: Reduced fat cheese (including part skim mozzarella), nuts and seeds and nut/seed butters, dried fruit with nuts and/or seeds with no added nutritive sweeteners or fats

Trans fat: zero grams (<0.5g)

Sugar limit

Total sugar: \leq 35% of weight from total sugars

- Exemptions: Dried/dehydrated fruits or vegetables with no added nutritive sweeteners, dried fruits with nutritive sweeteners for processing and/or palatability, products consisting of only exempt dried fruit with nuts and/or seeds with no added nutritive sweeteners or fats

** Effective July 1, 2016, snack/side items must contain \leq 200 mg sodium.

Exemptions from meeting all nutrient standards:

- Fresh, frozen, and canned fruits and vegetables with no added ingredients except water; or in the case of fruit, packed in 100% juice, extra light, or light syrup
- Canned vegetables that contain a small amount of sugar for processing purposes
- Entrée items offered as part of the lunch program or breakfast program on the day of service or the day after service (Entrée item is a combination food of Meat/Meat Alternative and Grain, or combination of Meat/Meat Alternative and Fruit or Vegetable, or a Meat/Meat Alternative served alone.)
- Sugar-free chewing gum

Beverage Guidelines.

Category	Elem	Middle	High	
Plain or Carbonated Water	Any size	Any size	Any size	
Low Fat Milk (1%), Unflavored	≤8oz	≤12oz	≤12oz	
Non Fat Milk (Skim), Flavored or Unflavored*	≤8oz	≤12oz	≤12oz	
100% Fruit or Vegetable Juice (plain or carbonated) with no added sweeteners	≤8oz	≤12oz	≤12oz	
100% Fruit or Vegetable Juice, Diluted with Water (plain or carbonated) with no added sweeteners	≤8oz	≤12oz	≤12oz	
*including nutritionally equivalent milk alternatives as permitted by the school				

meal requirements.

Fundraising Activities. To support children's health and school nutrition-education efforts, school administrators and school based wellness councils will discourage the use of school fundraising activities that involve food or, if such a fundraiser is held, ensure that at least half of the foods sold meet the above nutrition and portion size standards for foods and beverages sold individually. School fundraisers involving food should highlight the idea that healthy foods can taste good.

Additionally, schools should encourage fundraising activities that promote physical activity (such as walk-a-thons, Jump Rope For Heart, fun runs, etc.) The school district will make available a list of ideas for acceptable fundraising activities.

• School based wellness councils will provide guidance to school administrators on fundraising activities that are not food based. All fundraising activities must be approved by the school's principal.

<u>Afterschool Snacks</u>. The School District will encourage its partners that conduct after school programs, to offer snacks that will make a positive contribution to children's diets and health, with an emphasis on serving fruits and vegetables as the primary snacks and water as the primary beverage. The School District will also encourage its community partners that donate snacks to RPS after school programs to donate snacks that will make a positive contribution to children's diets and health, with an emphasis on serving fruits and vegetables as the primary snacks and water as the primary beverage.

<u>Rewards</u>. Schools will not use foods or beverages, that do not meet the nutrition standards for foods and beverages sold individually (above), as rewards for academic performance or good behavior,¹⁰ and will not withhold food or beverages (including food served through school meals) as a punishment.

<u>Celebrations</u>. Schools will eliminate celebrations that involve food during the school day. Some alternatives can include:

- Craft or gift making
- Reading a special story (Parent/guardian comes into classroom and reads their child's favorite book)
- Extra recess
- Physical activity party (like a class zumba party, dance party, field day party, etc.) *Additional links in appendix

<u>School-sponsored Events</u>. Foods and beverages offered or sold at schoolsponsored events outside the school day will strive to meet the nutrition standards for meals or for foods and beverages sold individually by offering a healthy option.

III. Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing

Nutrition promotion and education positively influence lifelong eating behaviors by using evidence-based techniques and nutrition messages, and by creating food environments that encourage healthy nutrition choices and encourage participation in school meal programs. Students and staff will receive consistent nutrition messages throughout schools, classrooms, gymnasiums, and cafeterias. Information will be disseminated through backpack letters, parent link and website. Nutrition promotion also includes marketing and advertising nutritious foods and beverages to students and is most effective when implemented consistently through a comprehensive and multi-channel approach by school staff and teachers, parents, students, and the community.

<u>Nutrition Education</u>. Richmond Public Schools aims to teach, encourage, and support healthy eating by students. Schools should provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

is offered at each grade level as part of a sequential, comprehensive, standards-based program designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;

is part of not only health education classes, but also classroom instruction in subjects such as math, science, language arts, social sciences, and elective subjects;

includes enjoyable, developmentally-appropriate, culturallyrelevant, participatory activities, such as contests, promotions, taste testing, farm visits, and school gardens;

promotes fruits, vegetables, whole grain products, low-fat and fatfree dairy products, healthy food preparation methods, and healthenhancing nutrition practices;

emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (physical activity/exercise);

links with school meal programs, other school foods, and nutritionrelated community services;

teaches media literacy with an emphasis on food marketing; and

includes training for teachers and other staff.

<u>Nutrition Promotion</u>. The district will promote healthy food and beverage choices for all students by implementing Smarter Lunchroom techniques¹¹. Individual schools will implement at least five of the following techniques but not limited to:

- Whole fruit options are displayed in attractive bowls or baskets (instead of chaffing dishes or hotel pans)
- Sliced or cut fruit is available daily
- Daily fruit options are displayed in a location in the line of sight and reach of students
- All available vegetable options have been given creative or descriptive names
- Daily vegetable options are bundled into all grab and go meals available to students
- All staff members, especially those serving, have been trained to politely prompt students to select and consume the daily vegetable options with their meal
- White milk is placed in front of other beverages in all coolers

- Alternative entrée options (e.g., salad bar, yogurt parfaits, etc.) are highlighted on posters or signs within all service and dining areas
- A reimbursable meal can be created in any service area available to students (e.g., salad bars, snack rooms, etc.)
- Student surveys and taste testing opportunities are used to inform menu development, dining space decor, and promotional ideas
- Student artwork is displayed in the service and/or dining areas
- Announcements may be used to promote and market menu options

Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom Setting. For students to receive the nationally-recommended amount of daily physical activity (*i.e.*, at least 60 minutes per day) and for students to fully embrace regular physical activity as a personal behavior, students need opportunities for physical activity beyond physical education class. Toward that end:

classroom health education will complement physical education by reinforcing the knowledge and self-management skills needed to maintain a physically-active lifestyle and to reduce time spent on sedentary activities, such as watching television;

opportunities for physical activity will be incorporated into other subject lessons; and

classroom teachers will provide short physical activity breaks between lessons or classes, as appropriate.

<u>Communications with Parents</u>. The district/school will support parents' efforts to provide a healthy diet and daily physical activity for their children. The district/school will offer healthy eating seminars for parents, send home nutrition information, post nutrition tips on school websites, and provide nutrient analyses of school menus. Schools should encourage parents to pack healthy lunches and snacks and to refrain from including beverages and foods that do not meet the above nutrition standards for individual foods and beverages. The district/school will provide parents a list of foods that meet the district's snack standards and ideas for healthy celebrations/parties, rewards, and fundraising activities.

In addition, the district/school will provide opportunities for parents to share their healthy food practices with others in the school community.

The district/school will provide information about physical education and other schoolbased physical activity opportunities before, during, and after the school day; and support parents' efforts to provide their children with opportunities to be physically active outside of school. Such supports will include sharing information about physical activity and physical education through a website, newsletter, or other take-home materials, special events, or physical education homework.

Healthy food promotion in Schools. The district is committed to providing a school environment that ensures opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and

physical activity behaviors throughout the school day while minimizing commercial distractions. The district strives to teach students how to make informed choices about nutrition, health, and physical activity. These efforts will be weakened if students are subjected to advertising on district property that contains messages inconsistent with the health information the district is imparting through nutrition education and health promotion efforts. It is the intent of the District to protect and promote student's health by permitting advertising and marketing for only those foods and beverages that are permitted to be sold on the school campus, consistent with the district's wellness policy.

If and when school-based marketing is permitted it will be reasonably consistent with nutrition education and health promotion. The promotion of healthy foods, including fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and low-fat dairy products is encouraged.

IV. Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education

Children and adolescents should participate in 60 minutes of physical activity every day. A substantial percentage of students' physical activity can be provided through a comprehensive, school-based physical activity program (CSPAP) that includes these components: physical education, recess, classroom-based physical activity, walk and bicycle to school, and out-of-school time activities. The district is committed to make every effort to safely and reasonably provide these opportunities for physical activity. Schools should ensure that these varied opportunities are in addition to, and not as a substitute for, physical education (addressed in "Physical Education" subsection). To the extent practicable, the District will ensure that its grounds and facilities are safe and that equipment is available to students to be active. The District will conduct necessary inspections and repairs to its grounds, facilities, and equipment to ensure that it is available for students to use.

¹¹ A Smarter Lunchroom is one that influences students to choose healthier, more nutritious foods, giving students the opportunity to select and consume a balanced diet. Smarter Lunchroom techniques provide low to no cost solutions for healthier school lunches (portion control, sodium reduction, substitutions) such as, strategic placement of healthy foods in school lunchrooms to promote healthier choices/behaviors; and promotion of healthy behaviors through evidenced based signage/marketing materials.

¹² Advertising of low-nutrition foods and beverages is permitted in supplementary classroom and library materials, such as newspapers, magazines, the Internet, and similar media, when such materials are used in a class lesson or activity, or as a research tool. ¹³ Schools should not permit general brand marketing for food brands under which more than half of the foods or beverages do not meet the nutrition standards for foods sold individually or the meals are not consistent with school meal nutrition standards.

Physical Education and Activity (P.E.) K-12. In accordance with the Standards of Quality, § 22.1-253.13:1 (D) of the Code of Virginia: Local school divisions shall implement a program of physical fitness available to all students with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular school year. Such programs may include any combination of (i) physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, or (iii) other programs and physical activities deemed appropriate by the local school board. Students will spend at least 50 percent of physical education class time participating in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

Daily Recess. All elementary school students will have at least 30 minutes a day of supervised recess, during which schools should encourage moderate to vigorous physical activity verbally and through the provision of space and equipment.

<u>Outdoor Recess</u>. Daily recess should be held outdoors when weather is feasible for outdoor play. Students will be allowed outside for recess except when outdoor temperature is above 35°F or below 95°F, inclusive of wind chill factors and extreme weather conditions including, storms with lightening or thunder and high levels of humidity. It is at the discretion of the building administrator based on his/her best judgment of safety conditions to determine when recess cannot be held outdoors.

In the event that the school or district must conduct indoor recess, teachers and staff will follow the indoor recess guidelines that promote physical activity for students. Each school will maintain and enforce its own indoor recess guidelines. Recess will complement, not be a substitute forphysical education class. Recess monitors or teachers will encourage students to be active, and will serve as role models by being physically active alongside the students whenever feasible.

Physical Activity Breaks. Schools should discourage extended periods (*i.e.*, periods of two or more hours) of inactivity whenever possible. When activities, such as mandatory school-wide testing, make it necessary for students to remain indoors for long periods of time, schools should give students periodic breaks during which they are encouraged to stand and be moderately active. The district will provide resources and links to resources, tools, and technology with ideas for physical activity breaks.

Active Academics. Teachers will incorporate movement and kinesthetic learning approaches into "core" subject instruction when possible (e.g., science, math, language arts, social studies, and others) and do their part to limit sedentary behavior during the school day.

The district will support classroom teachers incorporating physical activity and employing kinesthetic learning approaches into core subjects by providing annual professional development opportunities and resources, including information on leading activities, activity options, as well as making available background material on the connections between learning and movement.

Teachers will serve as role models by being physically active alongside the students whenever feasible.

Physical Activity Opportunities Before and After School. All elementary, middle, and high schools will offer extracurricular physical activity programs, such as physical activity clubs or intramural programs. All high schools, and middle schools as appropriate, will offer interscholastic sports programs if funding allows. Schools will offer a range of activities that meet the needs, interests, and abilities of all students, including boys, girls, students with disabilities, and students with special health-care needs.

After-school child care and enrichment programs sponsored by the school district will provide and encourage – verbally and through the provision of space, equipment, and activities – daily periods of moderate to vigorous physical activity for all participants.

Students, their families and community groups who wish to use school facilities for physical activity shall secure the appropriate approval from Richmond Public Schools Facility Services.

Physical Activity and Punishment. Teachers and other school and community personnel will not use physical activity (*e.g.*, running laps, pushups) as a punishment. Teachers will be encouraged not to withhold opportunities (*e.g.*, recess, physical education) for physical activity as punishment. The district will provide teachers and other school staff with a <u>list of ideas</u> for alternative ways to discipline students.

<u>Active Transport</u>. The District will support active transport to and from school, such as walking or biking. To the extent possible, the district will encourage active transport by supporting and promoting the activities below; including but not limited to:

- Designation of safe or preferred routes to school
- Promotional activities such as participation in International Walk to School Week, National Walk and Bike to School Week
- Secure storage facilities for bicycles and helmets (e.g., shed, cage, fenced area)
- Instruction on walking/bicycling safety provided to students
- Promotion of safe routes program to students, staff, and parents via newsletters, websites, local newspaper
- Placing crossing guards when feasible
- Ensuring that crosswalks exist on streets leading to schools
- Walking school buses Documentation of number of children walking and or biking to and from school
- Creation and distribution of maps of school environment (e.g., sidewalks, crosswalks, roads, pathways, bike racks, etc.)

The district will support parent and student groups to assess walking and biking access to their school and apply for funding to improve access.

VI. Other Activities that Promote Student Wellness

The district will integrate wellness activities across the entire school setting, not just in the cafeteria, other food and beverage venues, and physical activity facilities. The District will coordinate and integrate other initiatives related to physical activity, physical education, nutrition, and other wellness components so all efforts are complementary, not duplicative, and work towards the same set of goals and objectives promoting student well-being, optimal development, and strong educational outcomes.

<u>Community Partnerships</u>. The district will enhance relationships with community partners (i.e. hospitals, universities/colleges, local businesses, etc.) in support of this wellness policy's implementation. Existing and new community partnerships and sponsorships will be evaluated to ensure that they are consistent with the wellness policy and its goals.

<u>Community Health Promotion and Engagement</u>. The district will promote to RPS parents/caregivers and families the benefits of and approaches for healthy eating and physical activity throughout the school year. Families will be informed and invited to participate in school-sponsored activities and will receive information about health promotion efforts.

As described in the "Community Involvement, Outreach, and Communications" subsection, the District will use electronic mechanisms (such as email or displaying notices on the district's website), as well as non-electronic mechanisms, (such as newsletters, presentations to parents, or sending information home to parents), to ensure that all families are actively notified of opportunities to participate in school-sponsored activities and receive information about health promotion efforts.

<u>Staff Wellness</u>. Richmond Public Schools_highly values the health and well-being of every staff member. An RPS Wellness Committee (established by the Risk Manager) will plan and implement activities and policies that support personal efforts by staff to maintain a healthy lifestyle. The Committee should develop, promote, and oversee a multifaceted plan to promote staff health and wellness. The plan should be based on input solicited from school staff and should outline ways to encourage healthy eating, physical activity, and other elements of a healthy lifestyle among school staff. The Wellness Committee should distribute its plan to the RPS DWC annually.

The Committee will work with the Employee Wellness Coordinator to ensure that programs are in line with the overall strategic plan of the WE-FIT (Wellness-Fitness) Program. Each school will have a designated Wellness Champion (as determined by individual school administration) that will work with the Employee Wellness Coordinator to help promote employee wellness initiatives through the WE-FIT program. Wellness Champions may also, if they wish, be part of their school/department Wellness Council.

Professional Learning. When feasible, the district will offer professional learning opportunities and resources for staff to increase knowledge and skills about promoting healthy behaviors in the classroom and school (e.g., increasing the use of kinesthetic teaching approaches or incorporating nutrition lessons into math class). Professional learning will help district staff understand the connections between academics and health and the ways in which health and wellness are integrated into ongoing district reform or academic improvement plans/efforts.

VI. Implementation, Monitoring and Policy Review

Implementation Plan. The DWC will develop and maintain a plan for implementation to manage and coordinate the execution of this wellness policy. The plan delineates roles, responsibilities, actions, and timelines for activities, and includes information about who will be responsible to make what change, by how much, where, and when, as well as specific goals and objectives for nutrition standards for all foods and beverages available on the school campus, food and beverage marketing, nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, physical education, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness.

Community Involvement, Outreach, and Communications. The district is committed to being responsive to community input, which begins with awareness of the wellness policy. The district will actively communicate ways in which representatives of the DWC and others can participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and updating of the wellness policy through a variety of means appropriate for the district. The district will also inform parents of the improvements that have been made to school meals and compliance with school meal standards, availability of child nutrition programs and how to apply, and a description of compliance with Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards. The district will use electronic mechanisms, such as email or displaying notices on the district's website, as well as non-electronic mechanisms, such as newsletters, presentations to parents, or sending information home to parents, to ensure that all families are actively notified of the content of, implementation of, and updates to the wellness policy, as well as how to get involved and support the policy. The district will ensure that communications are culturally and linguistically appropriate to the community, and accomplished through means similar to other ways that the district and individual schools are communicating other important school information with parents.

The district will actively notify the public about the content of or any updates to the wellness policy. The district will also use these mechanisms to inform the community about the availability of triennial reports. Schools should engage students and parents, through taste-tests of new entrees and surveys, in selecting foods sold through the school meal programs in order to identify new, healthful and appealing food choices.

Monitoring. The superintendent or designee (Assistant Superintendent of Support Services) will ensure compliance with established district-wide nutrition and physical activity wellness policies. In each school, the principal or designee will ensure compliance with those policies in his/her school and will report on the school's compliance to the school district superintendent, the Assistant Superintendent of Support Services, and/or their immediate supervisor.

School food service staff, at the school will ensure compliance with nutrition policies within school food service areas and will report on this matter to the Director of School Nutrition Services. The Director of School Nutrition Services will report on compliance matters to the Assistant Superintendent of Support Services.

The Superintendent or designee (Assistant Superintendent of Support Services), will develop a summary report every three years on district-wide compliance with the district's established nutrition and physical activity wellness policies, based on input from schools within the district. That report will be provided to the school board and also distributed to all school health councils, parent/teacher organizations, school principals, and school health services personnel in the district. The district will actively inform the community about the policy every three years.

Policy Review.

Assessments of schools' existing nutrition and physical activity environments and practices will be repeated every three years to help review policy compliance, assess

progress, and determine areas in need of improvement. As part of that review, the school district will review its nutrition and physical activity policies, its provision of an environment that supports healthy eating and physical activity and its nutrition and physical education policies and program elements. The district, and individual schools within the district, will, as necessary, revise the wellness policies and develop work plans to facilitate their implementation.

VI. Resources for Local School Wellness Policies on Nutrition and Physical Activity

Crosscutting:

School Health Index, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <<u>http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/</u>>

Local Wellness Policy website, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/wellnesspolicy.html</u>>

Fit, Healthy, and Ready to Learn: a School Health Policy Guide, National Association of State Boards of Education, <<u>www.nasbe.org/HealthySchools/fithealthy.mgi</u>>

Preventing Childhood Obesity: Health in the Balance, the Institute of Medicine of the National Academies, <<u>www.iom.edu/report.asp?id=22596</u>>

The Learning Connection: The Value of Improving Nutrition and Physical Activity in Our Schools, Action for Healthy Kids, <<u>www.actionforhealthykids.org/docs/specialreports/LC%20Color%20_120204_fin</u> <u>al.pdf</u>>

Ten Strategies for Promoting Physical Activity, Healthy Eating, and a Tobaccofree Lifestyle through School Health Programs, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <<u>www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/publications/pdf/ten_strategies.pdf</u>>

Health, Mental Health, and Safety Guidelines for Schools, American Academy of Pediatrics and National Association of School Nurses, <<u>http://www.nationalguidelines.org</u>>

Cardiovascular Health Promotion in Schools, American Heart Association [link to pdf]

School Health Councils:

Promoting Healthy Youth, Schools and Communities: A Guide to Community-School Health Councils, American Cancer Society [link to PDF]

Effective School Health Advisory Councils: Moving from Policy to Action, Public Schools of North Carolina, <<u>www.nchealthyschools.org/nchealthyschools/htdocs/SHAC_manual.pdf</u>>

Nutrition:

General Resources on Nutrition

Making it Happen: School Nutrition Success Stories, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and U.S. Department of Education, <<u>http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/nutrition/Making-It-Happen/</u>>

Changing the Scene: Improving the School Nutrition Environment Toolkit, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/changing.html>

Dietary Guidelines for Americans 2005, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>www.health.gov/dietaryguidelines/dga2005/document/</u>>

Guidelines for School Health Programs to Promote Lifelong Healthy Eating, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <<u>www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/rr/rr4509.pdf</u>>

Healthy Food Policy Resource Guide, California School Boards Association and California Project LEAN, <<u>www.csba.org/ps/hf.htm</u>>

Diet and Oral Health, American Dental Association, <<u>http://www.ada.org/public/topics/diet.asp</u>>

School Meals

Healthy School Meals Resource System, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>http://schoolmeals.nal.usda.gov/</u>>

School Nutrition Dietary Assessment Study–II, a U.S. Department of Agriculture study of the foods served in the National School Lunch Program and the School Breakfast Program, <<u>www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/SNDAIIfind.pdf</u>>

Local Support for Nutrition Integrity in Schools, American Dietetic Association, <<u>www.eatright.org/Member/Files/Local.pdf</u>>

Nutrition Services: an Essential Component of Comprehensive Health Programs, American Dietetic Association, <www.eatright.org/Public/NutritionInformation/92_8243.cfm>

HealthierUS School Challenge, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn/HealthierUS/index.htm</u>>

Breakfast for Learning, Food Research and Action Center, <<u>www.frac.org/pdf/breakfastforlearning.PDF</u>>

School Breakfast Scorecard, Food Research and Action Center, <<u>www.frac.org/School_Breakfast_Report/2004/</u> >

Arkansas Child Health Advisory Committee Recommendations [includes recommendation for professional development for child nutrition professionals in schools], <<u>www.healthyarkansas.com/advisory_committee/pdf/final_recommendations</u> .pdf>

Meal Times and Scheduling

Eating at School: A Summary of NFSMI Research on Time Required by Students to Eat Lunch, National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI) [Attach PDF file]

 Relationships of Meal and Recess Schedules to Plate Waste in Elementary Schools, National Food Service Management Institute,
www.nfsmi.org/Information/Newsletters/insight24.pdf

Nutrition Standards for Foods and Beverages Sold Individually

Recommendations for Competitive Foods Standards (a report by the National Consensus Panel on School Nutrition), California Center for Public Health Advocacy,

<<u>www.publichealthadvocacy.org/school_food_standards/school_food_stan_p</u> dfs/Nutrition%20Standards%20Report%20-%20Final.pdf>

State policies for competitive foods in schools, U.S. Department of Agriculture,

<<u>www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/Lunch/CompetitiveFoods/state_policies_2002.htm</u>>

Nutrition Integrity in Schools, (forthcoming), National Alliance for Nutrition and Activity

School Foods Tool Kit, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <<u>www.cspinet.org/schoolfood/</u>>

Foods Sold in Competition with USDA School Meal Programs (a report to Congress), U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/Foods_Sold_in_Competition_with_USDA_S</u>

chool_Meal_Programs.pdf>

FAQ on School Pouring Rights Contracts, American Dental Association, <<u>http://www.ada.org/public/topics/softdrink_faq.asp</u>>

Fruit and Vegetable Promotion in Schools

Fruits and Vegetables Galore: Helping Kids Eat More, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/fv_galore.html</u>>

School Foodservice Guide: Successful Implementation Models for Increased Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, Produce for Better Health Foundation. Order on-line for \$29.95 at <www.shop5aday.com/acatalog/School Food Service Guide.html>.

School Foodservice Guide: Promotions, Activities, and Resources to Increase Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, Produce for Better Health Foundation. Order on-line for \$9.95 at <www.shop5aday.com/acatalog/School_Food_Service_Guide.html>

National Farm-to-School Program website, hosted by the Center for Food and Justice, <<u>www.farmtoschool.org</u>>

Fruit and Vegetable Snack Program Resource Center, hosted by United Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Association, <<u>http://www.uffva.org/fvpilotprogram.htm</u>>

Produce for Better Health Foundation website has downloadable fruit and vegetable curricula, research, activity sheets, and more at <<u>www.5aday.org</u>>

Fundraising Activities

Creative Financing and Fun Fundraising, Shasta County Public Health, <<u>www.co.shasta.ca.us/Departments/PublicHealth/CommunityHealth/projlean/</u> <u>fundraiser1.pdf</u>>

Guide to Healthy School Fundraising, Action for Healthy Kids of Alabama, <<u>www.actionforhealthykids.org/AFHK/team_center/team_resources/AL/N&P</u> <u>A</u> %2031%20-%20Fundraising.pdf>

Snacks

Healthy School Snacks, (forthcoming), Center for Science in the Public Interest

Materials to Assist After-school and Summer Programs and Homeless Shelters in Using the Child Nutrition Programs (website), Food Research and Action Center, <<u>www.frac.org/html/building_blocks/afterschsummertoc.html</u>>

Rewards

Constructive Classroom Rewards, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <<u>www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/constructive_rewards.pdf</u>>

Alternatives to Using Food as a Reward, Michigan State University Extension, <www.tn.fcs.msue.msu.edu/foodrewards.pdf>

Prohibition against Denying Meals and Milk to Children as a Disciplinary Action, U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service [Link to PDF]

Celebrations

Guide to Healthy School Parties, Action for Healthy Kids of Alabama, <<u>www.actionforhealthykids.org/AFHK/team_center/team_resources/AL/N&P</u> <u>A</u> %2032% 20-% 20parties.pdf>

Classroom Party Ideas, University of California Cooperative Extension Ventura County and California Children's 5 A Day Power Play! Campaign, <<u>http://ucce.ucdavis.edu/files/filelibrary/2372/15801.pdf</u>>

Ideas for Parents: Non-food Ideas for Birthday Celebrations at School, http://www.conejousd.org/Portals/61/ChildNutrition/Docs/NonFoodCelebration s.pdf

Healthy School Celebrations <u>http://cspinet.org/new/pdf/healthy_school_celebrations.pdf</u>

Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing:

Health Education

National Health Education Standards, American Association for Health Education, <<u>http://www.aahperd.org/aahe/pdf_files/standards.pdf</u>>

Nutrition Education and Promotion

U.S. Department of Agriculture Team Nutrition website (lists nutrition education curricula and links to them), <<u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Educators/index.htm</u>>

The Power of Choice: Helping Youth Make Healthy Eating and Fitness Decisions, U.S. Food and Drug Administration and U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service, <<u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn/resources/power_of_choice.html</u>>

Nutrition Education Resources and Programs Designed for Adolescents, compiled by the American Dietetic Association, <<u>www.eatright.org/Public/index_19218.cfm</u>>

Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom Setting

Brain Breaks, Michigan Department of Education, <<u>www.emc.cmich.edu/brainbreaks</u>>

Energizers, East Carolina University, <<u>www.ncpe4me.com/energizers.html</u>>

GoNoodle, Health Teacher Inc., www.gonoodle.com

Food Marketing to Children

Pestering Parents: How Food Companies Market Obesity to Children, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <<u>www.cspinet.org/pesteringparents</u>>

Review of Research on the Effects of Food Promotion to Children, United Kingdom Food Standards Agency, <<u>www.foodstandards.gov.uk/multimedia/pdfs/foodpromotiontochildren1.pdf</u>>

Marketing Food to Children (a report on ways that different countries regulate food marketing to children [including marketing in schools]), World Health Organization (WHO), <<u>http://whqlibdoc.who.int/publications/2004/9241591579.pdf</u>>

Guidelines for Responsible Food Marketing to Children, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <<u>http://cspinet.org/marketingguidelines.pdf</u>>

Commercial Activities in Schools, U.S. General Accounting Office, <<u>www.gao.gov/new.items/d04810.pdf</u>>

Eating Disorders

Academy for Eating Disorders, <<u>www.aedweb.org</u>>

National Eating Disorders Association, <<u>www.nationaleatingdisorders.org</u>>

Eating Disorders Coalition, <<u>www.eatingdisorderscoalition.org</u>>

Staff Wellness

School Staff Wellness, National Association of State Boards of Education [link to pdf]

Healthy Workforce 2010: An Essential Health Promotion Sourcebook for Employers, Large and Small, Partnership for Prevention, <<u>www.prevent.org/publications/Healthy_Workforce_2010.pdf</u>> Well Workplace Workbook: A Guide to Developing Your Worksite Wellness Program, Wellness Councils of America, <www.welcoa.org/wellworkplace/index.php?category=7>

Protecting Our Assets: Promoting and Preserving School Employee Wellness, (forthcoming), Directors of Health Promotion and Education (DHPE)

Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education:

General Resources on Physical Activity

Guidelines for School and Community Programs to Promote Lifelong Physical Activity among Young People, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/00046823.htm>

Healthy People 2010: Physical Activity and Fitness, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports,

<www.healthypeople.gov/document/HTML/Volume2/22Physical.htm#_Toc49 0380803>

Physical Fitness and Activity in Schools, American Academy of Pediatrics, <<u>http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/cgi/reprint/105/5/1156</u>>

Physical Education

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Elementary Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at <<u>http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&productID=368§ion=5</u>>

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Middle School Physical Education. National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at

<<u>http://member.aahperd.org/Template.cfm?template=ProductDisplay.cfm&Pr</u> oductid=726§ion=5>

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for High School Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at <<u>http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&productID=727§ion=5</u>>

Substitution for Instructional Physical Education Programs, National Association for Sport and Physical Education, <<u>www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf_files/pos_papers/substitution.pdf</u>>

Blueprint for Change, Our Nation's Broken Physical Education System: Why It Needs to be Fixed, and How We Can Do It Together, PE4life, <www.pe4life.org/articles/blueprint2004.pdf>

Recess

Recess in Elementary Schools, National Association for Sport and Physical Education, <<u>www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf_files/pos_papers/current_res.pdf</u>>

Recess Before Lunch Policy: Kids Play and then Eat, Montana Team Nutrition, <<u>www.opi.state.mt.us/schoolfood/recessBL.html</u>>

Relationships of Meal and Recess Schedules to Plate Waste in Elementary Schools, National Food Service Management Institute, <www.nfsmi.org/Information/Newsletters/insight24.pdf>

The American Association for the Child's Right to Play, <<u>http://www.ipausa.org/recess.htm</u>>

Physical Activity Opportunities Before and After School

Guidelines for After School Physical Activity and Intramural Sport Programs, National Association for Sport and Physical Education, <<u>www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf_files/pos_papers/intramural_guidelines.pdf</u>>

The Case for High School Activities, National Federation of State High School Associations,

<<u>www.nfhs.org/scriptcontent/va_custom/vimdisplays/contentpagedisplay.cfm</u> ?content_id=71>

Rights and Responsibilities of Interscholastic Athletes, National Association for Sport and Physical Education, <<u>www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf_files/pos_papers/RightandResponsibilities.pdf</u> >

Safe Routes to School

Safe Routes to Schools Tool Kit, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, <<u>www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/injury/pedbimot/bike/saferouteshtml/</u>>

KidsWalk to School Program, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <<u>www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa/kidswalk/</u>>

Walkability Check List, Pedestrian and Bicycle Information Center, Partnership for a Walkable America, U.S. Department of Transportation, and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, <<u>www.walkinginfo.org/walkingchecklist.htm</u>>

Monitoring and Policy Review:

School Health Index, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), <<u>http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/</u>>

Changing the Scene: Improving the School Nutrition Environment Toolkit, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <<u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/changing.html</u>>

Criteria for Evaluating School-Based Approaches to Increasing Good Nutrition and Physical Activity, Action for Healthy Kids, <www.actionforhealthykids.org/docs/specialreports/report_small.pdf>

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Elementary Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at <<u>http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&product ID=368§ion=5</u>>

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Middle School Physical Education. National

Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at <<u>http://member.aahperd.org/Template.cfm?template=ProductDisplay.cfm&Productid=726§ion=5</u>>

Opportunity to Learn: Standards for High School Physical Education. National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at <<u>http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&product ID=727§ion=5</u>>